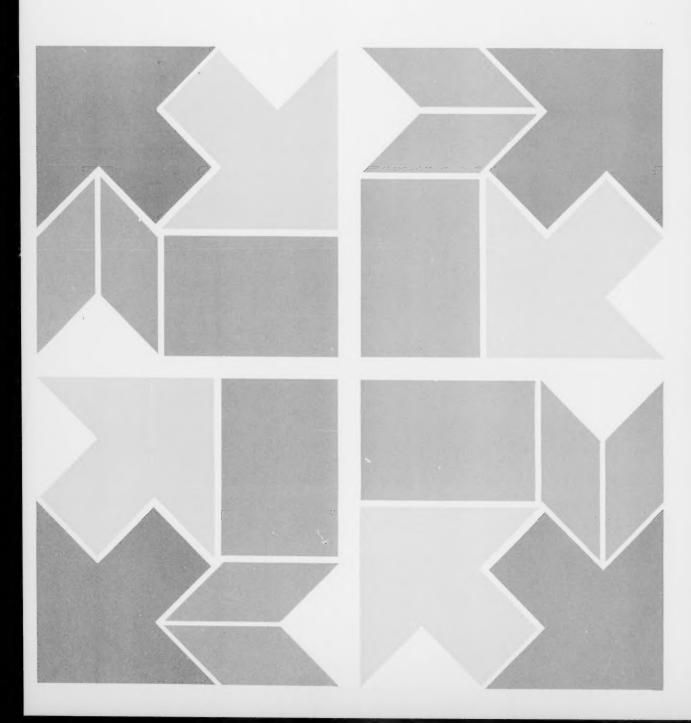
# Area Trends In Employment and Unemployment



U.S. Department of Labor Employment and Training Administration Third Quarter 1978 July-September



Area Trends contains the official list of areas in which employers are eligible for preference in bidding on certain Federal contracts on the basis of high unemployment under Defense Manpower Policy No. 4A (DMP—4A) and the Buy American Act. It also provides summary labor force data on major labor areas as well as a classification of these areas according to the adequacy of labor supply.

Descriptions of both the program for which areas are eligible on the basis of high unemployment and the criteria used in determining such eligibility as well as a listing of the eligible areas are provided in the section "Eligible Areas for Bidding on Federal Contracts Under Defense Manpower Policy No. 4A (DMP-4A) and the Buy American Act." A description of the criteria used by the Department in classifying major labor areas according to the adequacy of labor supply is provided in the section "Labor Supply Classifications and Summary Labor Force Data for Major Labor Areas."

Requests for copies of Area Trends, changes or additions to the mailing list and further information on its contents should be addressed to:

U.S. Department of Labor Employment and Training Administration (TPPL) Room 9304 601 D Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20213

## **Area Trends**

### In Employment and Unemployment



60

U.S. Department of Labor Ray Marshall, Secretary

Employment and Training Administration Ernest G. Green Assistant Secretary for Employment and Training Office of Policy, Evaluation, and Research

Third Quarter 1978 July-September

### Eligible Areas for Bidding on Federal Contracts Under Defense Manpower Policy No. 4A (DMP-4A) and the Buy American Act

No. 4A (DMP-4A) and the Buy American Act

Background

Classification Criteria

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Eligibility Determined Quarterly

Labor Surplus Areas Added and Deleted from
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Listing of Labor Surplus Areas Eligible

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### Labor Supply Classifications and Summary

Under DMP-4A and the Buy American Act

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### New Department of Labor Regulations Implementing Defense Manpower Policy No. 4A

Text of Defense Manpower Policy No. 4A 65



### Eligible Areas for Bidding on Federal Contracts Under Defense Manpower Policy No. 4A (DMP-4A) and the Buy American Act, Third Quarter 1978

### **Background**

Employers located in eligible labor surplus areas, as determined by the Department of Labor, and who meet other criteria, are entitled to preference in bidding on Federal procurement contracts. The criteria used in determining eligible labor surplus areas implement amendments to the Small Business Act (PL 95-89) and Executive Order 10582 (concerning the Buy American Act).

The criteria used in determining eligible labor surplus areas are intended to put the Government's procurement dollars in areas where people are in most severe economic need. They replace the classification procedures initiated in 1951-1952 when the national jobless rate was around 3 percent and most labor surplus areas had unemployment rates of 6 percent or more.

During the 1970's when the jobless rate drifted upward, the number of labor surplus areas also increased significantly. This blunted the intent of the previous Defense Manpower Policy No. 4 (DMP-4) to focus the awarding of Federal procurement contracts on areas of inordinately high unemployment.

Because of these reasons, the classification criteria were revised. Instead of basing eligibility on a fixed cutoff—i.e., a local unemployment rate of 6 percent or more—the revised criteria now vary with the national rate.

### Classification Criteria

An area is now classified as a labor surplus area if its unemployment rate is at least 1.20 times the national rate. In addition, the criteria for determining eligible labor surplus areas include both a floor and a ceiling. All areas must have a floor of at least 6 percent to qualify. This will insure that during periods of low unemployment only areas with generally recognized high unemployment receive DMP-4A consideration. The ceiling concept is utilized during periods of unusually high unemployment. Any area will qualify with a jobless rate of 10 percent or more.

A labor area can also be classified under the new criteria as eligible for DMP-4A preference if it encompasses a smaller area of concentrated high unemploy-

ment, so long as the unemployment rate for the overall area is at least equal to the floor rate of 6.0 percent. Such classifications are made when (1) the jobless rate of the smaller area (i.e., cities or counties) meets the 1.20 ratio test, (2) the smaller area has a population of at least 50,000 and (3) the number of unemployed in the smaller area accounts for at least 25 percent of the total unemployment in the overall area.

The revised procedures for determining eligible labor surplus areas also permit the Department of Labor at its discretion to waive the eligibility criteria in areas where a sudden and precipitous rise in unemployment has occurred—not immediately reflected in the unemployment for the reference period. Such instances can arise due to natural disasters, plant closings, contract cancellations, etc. that have a substantial impact on the area's unemployment and are not the result of temporary or seasonal factors. In situations where such exceptional circumstances exist, the Labor Department can, upon petition from a State employment security agency, declare such areas eligible for DMP-4A preference for a period not to exceed 1 year.

### **Eligibility Determined Quarterly**

The eligibility of labor surplus areas under DMP-4A (which replaces DMP-4) and the Buy American Act is determined quarterly. This replaces the previous practice under DMP-4 of monthly determinations of such eligible areas.

The reference period used in making the eligibility determination is the 12-month period ending 3 months prior to the date of the quarterly classifications. The reference period used in determining the areas in the following listing of eligible labor surplus areas is the 12-month period from April 1, 1977 through March 31, 1978. This listing of eligible labor surplus areas under the new criteria was effective on July 1, 1978 and remains in effect through the end of the third quarter, i.e., September 30, 1978. The next listing of eligible labor surplus areas will be effective October 1, 1978 and will remain in effect through December 31, 1978.

## Labor Surplus Areas Added and Deleted from Second Quarter Listing

Areas Added to List of Eligible Labor Surplus Areas Under Defense Manpower Policy 4A, July, August, September 1978

### Alabama

Jackson Roanoke

### Alaska

Bethel Division Juneau Division

### **Arkansas**

Blytheville Chicot County Conway Des Arc Fulton County Mountain View

### Colorado

Blanca
Delta
Dove Creek
Garfield County
Moffat County
Ouray County
Summit County

### Florida

Lafayette County Palatka

### Georgia

Blackshear Cordele Manchester Roberta

### Idaho

Bonners Ferry

### Illinois

Canton
Du Quoin
Fayette County
Jerseyville
KANKAKEE (SMSA)
Litchfield
Mount Vernon
Olney
Shelbyville
Warren County

### Indiana

Madison Rockville

### Kentucky

Jenkins Russell Springs Stanford

### Louisiana

Bastrop Lutcher Plaquemine

### Michigan

LANSING-EAST LANSING (SMSA)

### Mississippi

BILOXI-GULFPORT (SMSA) Hazlehurst Indianola Rolling Fork Waynesboro

### Missouri

Alton Charleston Steelville Versailles

### Montana

Anaconda
Butte
Cut Bank
Glasgow
Hamilton
Hardin
Kalispell
Libby
Phillipsburg
Polson
Superior
Thompson Falls

### **North Dakota**

Kidder County

### Ohio

MANSFIELD (SMSA) McArthur

### Pennsylvania

Clearfield-Du Bois Honesdale

### South Carolina

CHARLESTON-NORTH CHARLESTON (SMSA) Chester Walterboro

### Tennessee

Fayetteville Harriman-Rockwood

### Virginia

Buena Vista Lebanon Norton-Big Stone Gap

### West Virginia

Logan-Madison

### Wisconsin

Hayward

### Areas Added and Deleted from Second Quarter Listing—(Continued)

Areas Deleted from List of Eligible Labor Surplus Areas Under Defense Manpower Policy No. 4A, July, August, September 1978

### Alabama

Cullman

### California

SAN FRANCISCO-OAKLAND (SMSA)

### Colorado

Creede

### Connecticut

**NEW BRITAIN (SMSA)** 

### **District of Columbia**

WASHINGTON (SMSA)

### Florida

ORLANDO (SMSA) TAMPA-ST. PETERSBURG (SMSA)

### Georgia

Taliaferro County Waycross

### Illinois

Williamson County

#### Indiana

Bedford Greencastle

### Maine

Dover-Foxcroft Rumford

### Maryland

Cumberland

### Massachusetts

Gardner

### Michigan

BATTLE CREEK (SMSA) Big Rapids Coldwater Jackson

#### Minnesota

Brainerd DULUTH-SUPERIOR (SMSA) Mora

### Nevada

LAS VEGAS (SMSA)

### **New Jersey**

NEW BRUNSWICK-PERTH AMBOY-SAYREVILLE (SMSA)

### **New Mexico**

Mountainair

### **New York**

Corning-Hornell Jamestown-Dunkirk Norwich SYRACUSE (SMSA)

### **North Carolina**

Oxford

### Ohio

AKRON (SMSA) CLEVELAND (SMSA) Galion-Bucyrus HAMILTON-MIDDLETOWN (SMSA)

### Oklahoma

Atoka

### Oregon

Albany Astoria Gold Beach La Grande The Dalles

### Pennsylvania

Bradford LANCASTER (SMSA) Meadville READING (SMSA)

### South Carolina

Florence

### Texas

**Brooks County** 

### Virginia

Emporia

### Washington

Garfield County SEATTLE-EVERETT (SMSA) SPOKANE (SMSA)

### West Virginia

Ravenwood

### Wisconsin

Eagle River Grantsburg

### Listing of Labor Surplus Areas Eligible Under DMP-4A and the Buy American Act, July 1—September 30, 1978

ELIGIBLE LABOR SURPLUS AREAS

POLITICAL JURISDICTIONS INCLUDED

#### ALABAMA

CAMDEN.....WILCOX COUNTY CENTREVILLE.....BIBB COUNTY EUTAW .... GREENE COUNTY

COUNTIES

FORT DEPOSIT.....LOWNDES COUNTY GADSDEN SMSA.....ETOWAH COUNTY GENEVA.....GENEVA COUNTY MARION .... PERRY COUNTY MOBILE SMSA.....BALDWIN AND MOBILE MOULTON ..... LAWRENCE COUNTY OZARK.....DALE COUNTY ROANOKE ..... RANDOLPH COUNTY RUSSELLVILLE.....FRANKLIN COUNTY SCOTTSBORO.....JACKSON COUNTY SELMA.....DALLAS COUNTY

#### ALASKA

BARROW-NORTH SLOPE DIVISION .... BARROW-NORTH SLOPE

TALLADEGA ..... TALLADEGA COUNTY

BETHEL DIVISION ..... BETHEL DIVISION

BRISTOL BAY BOROUGH DIVISION .... BRISTOL BAY BOROUGH DIVISION CORDOVA-MC CARTHY DIVISION ..... CORDOVA-MC CARTHY DIVISION

FAIRBANKS DIVISION......FAIRBANKS DIVISION 

JUNEAU DIVISION......JUNEAU DIVISION

KENAI-COOK INLET DIVISION ..... KENAI-COOK INLET DIVISION

KODIAK DIVISION........................KODIAK DIVISION KUSKOKWIM DIVISION......KUSKOKWIM DIVISION

MATANUSKA-SUSITNA DIVISION.....MATANUSKA-SUSITNA DIVISION

### ELIGIBLE LABOR SURPLUS AREAS POLITICAL JURISDICTIONS INCLUDED

NOME DIVISIONNOME DIVISION
OUTER KETCHIKAN DIVISIONOUTER KETCHIKAN DIVISION
PRINCE OF WALES DIVISIONPRINCE OF WALES DIVISION
SEWARD DIVISIONSEWARD DIVISION
SITKA DIVISIONSITKA DIVISION
SKAGWAY-YAKUTAT DIVISIONSKAGWAY-YAKUTAT DIVISION SOUTHEAST FAIRBANKS DIVISIONSOUTHEAST FAIRBANKS DIVISION
UPPER YUKON DIVISION
VALDEZ-CHITINA-WHITTIER DIVISIONVALDEZ-CHITINA-WHITTIER
DIVISION
WADE HAMPTON DIVISIONWADE HAMPTON DIVISION
WRANGELL-PETERSBURG DIVISIONWRANGELL-PETERSBURG DIVISION
YUKON-KOYUKUKU DIVISIONYUKON-KOYUKUKU DIVISION

### ARIZONA

DOUGLAS		 	 COCHISE COUNTY
GLOBE		 	 GILA COUNTY
KINGMAN		 	 MOHAVE COUNTY
MC NARY		 	 APACHE COUNTY
NOGALES		 	 SANTA CRUZ COUNTY
PINAL COUR	NTY.	 	 PINAL COUNTY
SAFFORD		 	 GRAHAM COUNTY
WINSLOW		 	 NAVAJO COUNTY
YUMA		 	 YUMA COUNTY

### ARKANSAS

BLYTHEVILLEMISSISSIPPI COUNTY
CHICOT COUNTY
CLINTONVAN BUREN COUNTY
CONWAYFAULKNER COUNTY
DES ARCPRAIRIE COUNTY
FORREST CITYST. FRANCIS COUNTY
FULTON COUNTYFULTON COUNTY
HARDYSHARP COUNTY
HEBER SPRINGSCLEBURNE COUNTY
HELENAPHILLIPS COUNTY
HUNTSVILLEMADISON COUNTY
JASPERNEWTON COUNTY
MARIANNALEE COUNTY
MARSHALLSEARCY COUNTY
MENAPOLK COUNTY
MOUNTAIN VIEWSTONE COUNTY
OZARKFRANKLIN COUNTY
PIGGOTT

### ELIGIBLE LABOR SURPLUS AREAS

### POLITICAL JURISDICTIONS INCLUDED

POCAHONTASRANDOL	PH COUNTY
RISONCLEVEL	AND COUNTY
RUSSELLVILLEPOPE A	ND YELL COUNTIES
SEARCYWHITE	COUNTY
WALDRONSCOTT	COUNTY
WALNUT RIDGELAWREN	CE COUNTY

### CALIFORNIA

ALPINE COUNTY ALPINE COUNTY
ANGELS CAMP
BAKERSFIELD SMSAKERN COUNTY
BISHOPINYO AND MONO COUNTIES
CHICO-OROVILLEBUTTE COUNTY
COLUSA COUNTY
CRESCENT CITYDEL NORTE COUNTY
EL CENTROIMPERIAL COUNTY
EUREKAHUMBOLDT COUNTY
FRESNO SMSAFRESNO COUNTY
GRASS VALLEYNEVADA COUNTY
HANFORDKING COUNTY
HOLLISTERSAN BENITO COUNTY
JACKSONAMADOR COUNTY
LAKEPORTLAKE COUNTY
LOS ANGELES-LONG BEACH SMSALOS ANGELES COUNTY
LOYALTONSIERRA COUNTY
MADERAMADERA COUNTY
MARIPOSAMARIPOSA COUNTY
MERCEDMERCED COUNTY
MODESTO SMSASTANISLAUS COUNTY
OXNARD-SIMI VALLEY-VENTURA SMSAVENTURA COUNTY
PLACERVILLEEL DORADO COUNTY
OUINCYPLUMAS COUNTY
RED BLUFFTEHAMA COUNTY
REDDINGSHASTA COUNTY
RIVERSIDE-SAN BERNADINO-
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### POLITICAL JURISDICTIONS INCLUDED

SUSANVILLELASSEN COUNTY	
UKIAHMENDOCINO COUNTY	
VALLEJO-FAIRFIELD-NAPA SMSANAPA AND SOLANO COUNT	LES
WEAVERVILLETRINITY COUNTY	
WILLOWSGLENN COUNTY	
YREKASISKIYOU COUNTY	
YUBA CITYSUTTER AND YUBA COUNT	IES

### COLORADO

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EAST GRANBY, EAST HARTFORD, EAST
WINDSOR, ELLINGTON, ENFIELD,
FARMINGTON, GLASTONBURY,
GRANBY, HARTFORD, HEBRON,
MANCHESTER, MARLBOROUGH,
NEWINGTON, ROCKY HILL, SIMSBURY, SOMERS, SOUTH WINDSOR,

STAFFORD, SUFFIELD, TOLLAND, VERNON, WEST HARTFORD, WETHERSFIELD, WILLINGTON, WINDSOR, AND WINDSOR LOCKS  TOWNS OF BETHANY, BRANFORD,
TOWNS OF BETHANY, BRANFORD,
CLINTON, EAST HAVEN, GUILFORD, HAMDEN, MADISON, NEW HAVEN, NORTH BRANFORD, NORTH HAVEN, ORANGE, WALLINGFORD, WEST
HAVEN AND WOODBRIDGETOWNS OF BEACON FALLS, BETHLEHEM, CHESIRE, MIDDLEBURY, NAUGATUCK, PROSPECT, SOUTHBURY, THOMASTON, WATERBURY, WATER- TOWN, WOLCOTT, AND WOODBURY
KENT COUNTY
NEW CASTLE COUNTY IN DEL;
CECIL COUNTY IN MD.; SALEM COUNTY IN N.J.
FRANKLIN COUNTY
LIBERTY COUNTY
HERNANDO COUNTY
WASHINGTON COUNTY
BROWARD COUNTY
ST. LUCIE COUNTY
OKALOOSA COUNTY
CITRUS COUNTY
MONROE COUNTY
LAFAYETTE COUNTY
POLK COUNTY
LAKE COUNTY
BREVARD COUNTY
DADE COUNTY
GLADES COUNTY
COLLIER COUNTY
MARION COUNTY
OKEECHOBEE COUNTY
PUTNAM COUNTY
BAY COUNTY
GULF COUNTY

### POLITICAL JURISDICTIONS INCLUDED

		INDIAN RIVER COUNTY
W	ST PALM BEACH-BOCA RATOR	N SMSAPALM BEACH COUNTY
W	LDWOOD	SUMTER COUNTY
GEOR	IA	
A	BANY SMSA	DOUGHERTY AND LEE COUNTIES
A'	LANTA SMSA	BUTTS, CHEROKEE, CLAYTON,
		COBB, DE KALB, DOUGLAS,
		FAYETTE, FORSYTH, FULTON,
		GWINNETT, HENRY, NEWTON.
		PAULDING, ROCKDALE, AND
		WALTON COUNTIES
A	IGUSTA SMSA	COLUMBIA AND RICHMOND COUNTIES
		IN GA.; AIKEN COUNTY IN S.C.
R	ARROW COUNTY	
	ACKSHEAR	
	JRKE COUNTY	
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	AWSONVILLE	The state of the s
		JEFFERSON COUNTY
M	ACON SMSA	BIBB, HOUSTON, JONES,
		AND TWIGGS COUNTIES
		MERIWETHER COUNTY
		BRANTLEY COUNTY
_		ATKINSON COUNTY
		CRAWFORD COUNTY
	OCHELLE	
S	TEWART COUNTY	STEWART COUNTY
HAWA		
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E	ONNERS FERRY	BOUNDARY COUNTY
	AMAS COUNTY	
	OUNCIL	
	RIGGS	
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POLITICAL JURISDICTIONS INCLUDED

SCOTTSBURG.....SCOTT COUNTY

IOWA

CENTERVILLE.....APPANOOSE COUNTY

KENTUCKY

BEATTYVILLE......LEE COUNTY
BENTON.......MARSHALL COUNTY
BROWNSVILLE.....EDMONSON COUNTY
JENKINS.....LETCHER COUNTY
MC KEE......JACKSON COUNTY
RUSSELL SPRINGS....RUSSELL COUNTY
SALYERSVILLE....MAGOFFIN COUNTY
STANFORD....LINCOLN COUNTY
STANTON....POWELL COUNTY

LOUISIANA

ALEXANDRIA SMSA......AVOYELLES, GRANT, AND
RAPIDES PARISHES
BASTROP........MOREHOUSE PARISH
BOGALUSA.......WASHINGTON PARISH
FERRIDAY......CATAHOULA AMD CONCORDIA
PARISHES
HAMMOND.....TANGIPAHOA PARISH
LAKE CHARLES SMSA....CALCASIEU PARISH
LAKE PROVIDENCE....EAST CARROLL PARISH
LEESVILLE....VERNON PARISH
LUTCHER....ST. JAMES PARISH

WINNSBORO.....FRANKLIN PARISH

MAINE

IGIBLE LABOR SURPLUS AREAS	POLITICAL JURISDICTIONS INCLUD
	GARDINER, WINDSOR, AND WIN-
	THROP IN KENNEBEC COUNTY;
	TOWN OF RICHMOND IN
	SAGADAHOC COUNTY
BELFAST	WALDO COUNTY
BOOTHBAY-HARBOR	LINCOLN COUNTY EXCEPT TOWNS
	OF DRESDEN AND WALDOBORO
CALAIS-EASTPORT	WASHINGTON COUNTY
CARIBOU-PRESQUE ISLE	TOWNS OR PLANTATIONS OF
	ASHLAND, BLAINE, BRIDGEWATER,
	CARIBOU, CASTLE HILL, CASWELL,
	CHAPMAN, CONNOR, E PLANTATION,
	EASTON, FORT FAIRFIELD,
	GARFIELD, LIMESTONE, MAPLE-
	TON, MASARDIS, MARS HILL,
	NASHVILLE, NEW SWEDEN, OXBOW,
	PERHAM, PORTAGE LAKE, PRESQUE
	ISLE, STOCKHOLM, WADE,
	WASHBURN, WESTFIELD, WESTMAN-
	LAND, AND WOODLAND IN
	AROOSTOOK COUNTY
FORT KENT	
	KENT, FRENCHVILLE, ST. AGATHA;
	PLANTATIONS OF ALLAGASH, NEW
	CANADA, ST. JOHN, ST. FRANCIS,
	SINCLAIR, AND WALLAGRASS IN
	AROOSTOOK COUNTY
GREENVILLE	TOWNS OF ELLIOTSVILLE,
	GREENVILLE, LILY BAY,
	AND SHIRLEY; AND SOUTHERN
	UNORGANIZED TERRITORY IN
	PISCATAQUIS COUNTY
LINCOLN-HOWLAND	TOWNS OF BURLINGTON, CHESTER,
	ENFIELD, HOWLAND, LEE, LINCOLS
	LOWELL, MATTAMISCONTIS,
	MATTAWAMKEAG, MAXFIELD,
	PASSADUMKEAG, SPRINGFIELD,
	WINN, AND WOODVILLE; TOWNSHIPS
	OF KINGMAN, WHITNEY, 1 N.D.,
	2R-8, 2R-9, AND 3R-1; AND
	PLANTATIONS OF CARROLL, DREW.
	GRAND FALLS, LAKEVILLE,
	PRENTISS, SEBOEIS, AND WEBSTE
	IN PENOBSCOT COUNTY
LIVERMORE FALLS	TOWNS OF GREEN, LEEDS, LIVER-

POLITICAL JURISDICTIONS INCLUDED

MORE, LIVERMORE FALLS, TURNER, AND WEBSTER IN ANDROSCOGGIN COUNTY

MADAWASKA-VAN BUREN......TOWNS OF GRAND ISLE, MADAWASKA,
AND VAN BUREN; AND PLANTATIONS OF CYR AND HAMLIN IN
AROOSTOOK COUNTY

AND SACO IN YORK COUNTY SKOWHEGAN.....SOMERSET COUNTY

SOUTHWEST PENOBSCOT......TOWNS OF BRADFORD, CARMEL,
CHARLESTON, CORRINA, CORINTH,
DEXTER, DIXMONT, ETNA, EXETER,
GARLAND, HUDSON, KENDUSKEAG,
LEVANT, NEWBURG, NEWPORT,
PLYMOUTH, AND STETSON IN

PENOBSCOT COUNTY

MARYLAND

BALTIMORE SMSA.................ANNE ARUNDEL, BALTIMORE,
CARROLL, HARFORD, AND HOWARD
COUNTIES; AND BALTIMORE CITY

MASSACHUSETTS

BARNSTABLE ..... BARNSTABLE COUNTY
BOSTON SMSA.... SUFFOLK COUNTY; CITIES
OF BEVERLY, LYNN, PEABODY,
AND SALEM, AND TOWNS OF
BOXFORD, DANVERS,

### ELIGIBLE LABOR SURPLUS AREAS

### POLITICAL JURISDICTIONS INCLUDED

HAMILTON, LYNNFIELD, MANCHESTER, MARBLEHEAD, MIDDLETON, NAHANT, SAUGUS, SWAMPSCOTT, TOPSFIELD, AND WENHAM IN ESSEX COUNTY; CITIES OF CAMBRIDGE, EVERETT, MALDEN, MEDFORD, MELROSE, NEWTON, SOMERVILLE, WALTHAM, AND WOBURN, AND TOWNS OF ACTON, ARLINGTON, ASHLAND, BEDFORD, BELMONT, BOXBOROUGH, BURLINGTON, CARLISLE, CONCORD, FRAMINGHAM, HOLLISTON, LEXINGTON, LINCOLN, NATICK, NORTH READING, READING, SHERBORN, STONEHAM, SUDBURY, WAKEFIELD, WATERTOWN, WAYLAND, WESTON, WILMINGTON, AND WINCHESTER IN MIDDLESEX COUNTY; QUINCY CITY AND TOWNS OF BELLINGHAM, BRAINTREE, BROOKLINE, CANTON, COHASSET, DEDHAM, DOVER, FOXBOROUGH, FRANKLIN, HOLBROOK, MEDFIELD, MEDWAY, MILLIS, MILTON, NEEDHAM, NORFOLK, NORWOOD, RANDOLPH, SHARON, STOUGHTON, WALPOLE, WELLESLEY, WESTWOOD, WEYMOUTH, AND WRENTHAM IN NORFOLK COUNTY; TOWNS OF ABINGTON, DUXBURY, HANOVER, HANSON, HINGHAM, HULL, KINGSTON, MARSHFIELD, NORWELL, PEMBROKE, ROCKLAND, AND SCITUATE IN PLYMOUTH COUNTY

COUNTY; TOWN OF AVON IN NOR-FOLK COUNTY; CITY OF BROCKTON, TOWNS OF BRIDGEWATER, EAST BRIDGEWATER, HALIFAX, WEST BRIDGEWATER, AND WHITMAN IN

ELIGIBLE LABOR SURPLUS AREAS	POLITICAL JURISDICTIONS INCLUDED
CLINTON	
	OF DIGHTON, SOMERSET, SWANSEA, AND WESTPORT IN BRISTOL COUNTY, MASS.; AND TOWNS OF LITTLE COMPTON AND TIVERTON IN NEWPORT COUNTY, R.I.
GLOUCESTER	
LAWRENCE-HAVERHILL SMSA	CITIES OF LAWRENCE AND HAVER- HILL AND TOWNS OF AMESBURY, ANDOVER, GEORGETOWN, GROVELAND,
	MERRIMAC, METHUEN, NORTH ANDOVER, SALISBURY, AND WEST NEWBURY IN ESSEX COUNTY IN MASS.; TOWNS OF ATKINSON.
	HAMPSTEAD, KINGSTON, NEWTON, PLAISTOW, SALEM, AND WINDHAM IN ROCKINGHAM COUNTY IN N.H.
LOWELL SMSA	BILLERICA, CHELMSFORD, DRACUT, DUNSTABLE, TEWKSBURY, TYNGSBOROUGH, AND WESTFORD IN MIDDLESEX
NEW BEDFORD SMSA	COUNTY CITY OF NEW BEDFORD, AND TOWNS OF ACUSHNET, DARTMOUTH, FAIR- HAVEN, AND FREETOWN IN BRISTOL COUNTY; TOWNS OF LAKEVILLE, MARION, MATTAPOISETT, AND ROCHESTER
NEWBURYPORT	OF IPSWICH, NEWBURY, AND
PITTSFIELD SMSA	PITTSFIELD; AND TOWNS OF ADAMS, BECKET, CHESHIRE, CLARKSBURG, DALTON, FLORIDA, HANCOCK, HINSDALE, LANES-
	PITTSFIELD; AND TOWNS OF ADAMS, BECKET, CHESHIRE, CLARKSBURG, DALTON, FLORIDA,

ELIGIBLE LABOR SURPLUS AREAS	POLITICAL JURISDICTIONS INCLUDED
	ASHFORD, OTIS, PERU, RICHMOND,
	SAVOY, STOCKBRIDGE, TYRINGHAM,
	WASHINGTON, WEST STOCKBRIDGE,
	WILLIAMSTOWN, AND WINDSOR IN BERKSHIRE COUNTY
PLYMOUTH	
	BOROUGH, PLYMOUTH, PLYMPTON,
	AND WAREHAM IN PLYMOUTH
	COUNTY
TAUNTON	
	OF BERKLEY AND RAYNHAM IN BRISTOL COUNTY
TISBURY	
	TOWN OF WARE IN HAMPSHIRE
***************************************	COUNTY; TOWNS OF HARDWICK,
	NEW BRAINTREE, OAKHAM, AND
	WEST BROOKFIELD IN WORCESTER
	COUNTY
MICHIGAN	
ADRIAN	LENAWEE COUNTY
ALMA	GRATIOT COUNTY
ALPENA	
BAD AXE	
BALDWIN	
BOYNE CITY	
CADILLAC	
	WEXFORD COUNTIES
CARO	TUSCOLA COUNTY
CHEBOYGAN	
CLARE	
DETROIT SMSA	LAPEER, LIVINGSTON, MACOMB,
	OAKLAND, ST. CLAIR, AND
FACT TAUAC	WAYNE COUNTIESALCONA AND IOSCO COUNTIES
ELBERTA	
ESCANABA	
FLINT SMSA	
	COUNTIES
FREMONT	
GAYLORD	
GRAYLING	
GREENVILLE	MONTCALM COUNTY

### POLITICAL JURISDICTIONS INCLUDED

	HANCOCKHOUGHTON AND KEWEENAW
	COUNTIES
	HILLMANMONTMORENCY COUNTY
	IRON RIVERIRON COUNTY
	IRONWOOD
	L ANSEBARAGA COUNTY
	LANSING-EAST LANSING SMSACLINTON, EATON, INGHAM, AND IONIA COUNTIES
	LUDINGTON
	MANCELONAANTRIM COUNTY
	MANISTEE MANISTEE COUNTY
	MANISTIQUESCHOOLCRAFT COUNTY
	MARQUETTEALGER AND MARQUETTE
	COUNTIES
	MIDLANDGLADWIN AND MIDLAND
	COUNTIES
	MIOOSCODA COUNTY
	MUSKEGON-NORTON SHORES-
	MUSKEGON HEIGHTS SMSAMUSKEGON AND OCEANA
	NEWBERRYLUCE COUNTY
	ONTONAGONONTONAGON COUNTY
	PETOSKEYEMMET COUNTY
	ROGERS CITYPRESQUE ISLE COUNTY
	ROSCOMMONROSCOMMON COUNTY
	ST. IGNACEMACKINAC COUNTY
	SANDUSKYSANILAC COUNTY
	SAULT STE. MARIE
	STANDISHARENAC COUNTY
	TRAVERSE CITY
	AND LEELANAU COUNTIES
	WEST BRANCHOGEMAW COUNTY
1:	NNESOTA
	AITKINAITKIN COUNTY

### MI

.....AITKIN COUNTY BAGLEY.....CLEARWATER COUNTY DETROIT LAKES......BECKER COUNTY GRAND RAPIDS.....ITASCA COUNTY HIBBING-VIRGINIA.....ST. LOUIS COUNTY LESS DULUTH CITY MAHNOMEN..... COUNTY PARK RAPIDS......HUBBARD COUNTY RED LAKE FALLS.....RED LAKE COUNTY

ELIGIBLE LABOR SURPLUS AREAS	POLITICAL JURISDICTIONS INCLUDED
ROSEAU	
WARREN	.MARSHALL COUNTY
MISSISSIPPI	
ASHLAND	
BELZONI	
BILOXI-GULFPORT SMSA	.HANCOCK, HARRISON, AND STONE COUNTIES
CANTON	
CHARLESTON	
CLARKSDALE	
CLEVELAND	.BOLIVAR COUNTY
COLUMBIA	.MARION COUNTY
CORINTH	
DE KALB	.KEMPER COUNTY
FAYETTE	JEFFERSON COUNTY
GREENVILLE	.WASHINGTON COUNTY
GREENWOOD	·LEFLORE COUNTY
GRENADA	GRENADA COUNTY
HAZLEHURST	
HOLLY SPRINGS	.MARSHALL COUNTY
INDIANOLA	SUNFLOWER COUNTY
KOSCIUSKO	
LEAKESVILLE	GREENE COUNTY
LEXINGTON	.HOLMES COUNTY
LOUISVILLE	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
LUCEDALE	
MACON	
MARKS	
NATCHEZ	
PICAYUNE CITY	
PRENTISS	
ROLLING FORK	·ISSAQUENA AND SHARKEY COUNTIES
SENATOBIA	
TUNICA	
VICKSBURG	
WINONA	
WOODVILLE	
YAZOO	
MISSOURI	
ALTON	OREGON COUNTY
CALIFORNIA	
CHARLESTON	MISSISSIPPI COUNTY
DONIPHAN	

### POLITICAL JURISDICTIONS INCLUDED

EMINENCESHANNO	N COUNTY
GREENVILLEWAYNE	COUNTY
POPLAR BLUFFBUTLER	COUNTY
POTOSIWASHIN	GTON COUNTY
STEELVILLECRAWFO	RD COUNTY
VERSAILLES	COUNTY
WARRENTONWARREN	COUNTY

### MONTANA

ANACONDA.			 	 DEER LODGE COUNTY
BUTTE			 	 SILVER BOW COUNTY
CUT BANK.			 	 GLACIER COUNTY
GLASGOW			 	 VALLEY COUNTY
HAMILTON.			 	 RAVALLI COUNTY
HARDIN			 	 BIG HORN COUNTY
KALISPELL			 	 FLATHEAD COUNTY
LIBBY			 	 LINCOLN COUNTY
PHILLIPSB	URG		 	 GRANITE COUNTY
POLSON			 	 LAKE COUNTY
SUPERIOR.			 	 MINERAL COUNTY
THOMPSON	FAL	LS.	 	 SANDERS COUNTY

### NEBRASKA

PENDER																				.THURSTON	COUNTY
--------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	-----------	--------

### NEVADA

CARSON CITY	CARSON CITY	AND ST	COREY COUNTY
YERINGTON	LYON COUNTY		

### NEW JERSEY

NEWAR	K	SM	SA											ESSE	Х,	MO	RRIS,	SOMERSET,
LONG	BR	RAN	CH	-AS	BU	RY	P	ARI	(	SM	ISA			MONM	OU	TH	COUNTY	ľ
LAKEW	100	D-	TO	MS	RI	VE	R .							OCEA	N	COU	NTY	
JERSE	Y	CI	TY	SM	ISA									HUDS	ON	CO	UNTY	
CAPE	MA	Y -	O C	EAN	C	IT	Y -	WII	DI	WO	OD			CAPE	M	AY	COUNTY	Ž.
ATLAN	TI	. C	CI	TY	SM	SA	• •			• •		• •		ATLA	NT	IC	COUNTY	(

AND UNION COUNTIES

NEWTON.....SUSSEX COUNTY

PATERSON-CLIFTON-PASSAIC SMSA....PASSAIC COUNTY

TRENTON SMSA.....MERCER COUNTY

VINELAND-BRIDGETON-

MILLVILLE SMSA......CUMBERLAND COUNTY

### NEW MEXICO

DEMING	 LUNA COUNTY
ESPANOLA	 RIO ARRIBA COUNTY

ELIGIBLE LABOR SURPLUS AREAS	POLITICAL JURISDICTIONS INCLUDE
LAS VEGAS	CAN MICHEL COUNTY
SANTA ROSA	
TAOS	
WAGON MOUND	• MORA COUNTY
NEW YORK	
AUBURN	CAYUGA COUNTY
BATAVIA	
BINGHAMTON SMSA	
	IN N.Y.: AND SUSQUEHANNA
	COUNTY IN PA.
BUFFALO SMSA	ERIE AND NIAGARA COUNTIES
CATSKILL	
COBLESKILL	
CORTLAND	CORTLAND COUNTY
ELMIRA SMSA	· · CHEMUNG COUNTY
GLEN FALLS-HUDSON FALLS	WARREN AND WASHINGTON COUNTIES
GLOVERSVILLE	FULTON COUNTY
HUDSON	COLUMBIA COUNTY
KINGSTON	ULSTER COUNTY
LOWVILLE	LEWIS COUNTY
MALONE	FRANKLIN COUNTY
MONTICELLO	SULLIVAN COUNTY
NASSAU-SUFFOLK SMSA	NASSAU AND SUFFOLK COUNTIES
NEWBURGH-MIDDLETOWN	
NEW YORK SMSA	BRONX, KINGS, NEW YORK,
	PUTNAM, QUEENS, RICHMOND,
	ROCKLAND, AND WESTCHESTER
	COUNTIES
OGDENSBURG-MASSENA	
OLEAN-SALAMANCA	
PENN YAN	
PERRY	
PLATTSBURG	
ROCHESTER SMSA	
	ONTARIO, ORLEANS, AND
C D C C LL A T C D	WAYNE COUNTIES
SPECULATOR	
TICONDEROGAUTICA-ROME SMSA	
WATERTOWNWATKINS GLEN	

ELIGIBLE LABOR SURPLUS AREAS POLITICAL JURISDICTIONS INCLUDED

NORTH CAROLINA

COUNTIES

COUNTIES

SNOW HILL......GREENE COUNTY SWAN QUARTER......HYDE COUNTY

WILMINGTON SMSA......BRUNSWICK AND NEW HANOVER

COUNTIES

WINDSOR.....BERTIE COUNTY

NORTH DAKOTA

ORIO

LIMA SMSA..... PUTNAM,

AND VAN WERT COUNTIES

YOUNGSTOWN-WARREN SMSA......MAHONING AND TRUMBULL

COUNTIES

OKLAHOMA

ELIGIBLE LABOR SURPLUS		POLITICAL JURISDICTIONS INCLUDED
OKMULGEE-HENRYETTA.		OKMULGEE COUNTY
STIGLER		HASKELL COUNTY
WILBURTON		LATIMER COUNTY
OREGON		
BURNS		
ENTERPRISE		
FOSSIL		
GRANTS PASS		
HOOD RIVER		
NORTH BEND-COOS BAY PRINEVILLE		
ROSEBURG		
ST. HELENS		
PENNSYLVANIA		
BEDFORD		BEDFORD COUNTY
BERWICK-BLOOMSBURG.		· COLUMBIA COUNTY
CLEARFIELD-DU BOIS.		·CLEARFIELD COUNTY; AND
		RUSH TOWNSHIP, AND
		PHILIPSBURG AND SOUTH
		PHILIPSBURG BOROS IN
		CENTRE COUNTY
EMPORIUM		
HUNTINGDON		PIKE AND WAYNE COUNTIES
		· CAMBRIA AND SOMERSET
JOHNSTOWN SHSA	•••••	COUNTIES
KITTANNING-FORD CIT	Y	
LEWISTOWN		JUNIATA AND MIFFLIN
		COUNTIES
LOCK HAVEN-RENOVO		
NORTHEAST PENNSYLVA	NIA SMSA	·LACKAWANNA, LUZERNE, AND MONROE COUNTIES
PHILADELPHIA SMSA		.BUCKS, CHESTER, DELAWARE,
		MONTGOMERY, AND PHILADELPHIA
		COUNTIES IN PA.; BURLINGTON,
		CAMDEN, AND GLOUCESTER COUNTIES IN N.J.
POTTSVILLE		
ST. MARYS		.ELK COUNTY
SUNBURY-SHAMOKIN-MT	CARMEL	.MONTOUR, NORTHUMBERLAND,
		SNYDER. AND UNION COUNTIES
TUNKHANNOCK		
UNIONTOWN-CONNELLS	VILLE	.FAYETTE COUNTY

### POLITICAL JURISDICTIONS INCLUDED

### PUERTO RICO

MAYAGUEZ MUNICIPIOS
PONCE SMSA.....JUANA DIAZ, PENUELAS, PONCE,

AND VILLALBA MUNICIPIOS

SAN JUAN SMSA......BAYAMON, CANOVANAS,

CAROLINA, CATANO, GUAYNABO, LOIZA, SAN JUAN, TOA BAJA, AND TRUJILLO ALTO MUNICIPIOS

REMAINDER OF PUERTO RICO......PUERTO RICO LESS CAGUAS,

MAYAGUEZ, PONCE, AND SAN JUAN
NOTE: DEEMED ELIGIBLE BASED
ON THE DERIVED RATE.
NO DATA ARE REGULARLY
ESTIMATED FOR SMALL
AREAS.

RHODE ISLAND

PROVIDENCE-WARWICK-

PAWTUCKET SMSA......BRISTOL, KENT, AND PROVIDENCE COUNTIES IN R.I.; TOWNS OF EXETER, NARRAGANSETT, NEW SHOREHAM, NORTH KINGSTOWN, RICHMOND, AND SOUTH KINGSTOWN IN WASHINGTON COUNTY, R.I.; TOWN OF JAMESTOWN IN NEWPORT COUNTY, R.I.; ATTLEBORO CITY AND TOWNS OF NORTH ATTLEBORO, NORTON, REHOBOTH, AND SEEKONK IN BRISTON COUNTY, MASS.; PLAINVILLE TOWN IN NORFOLK COUNTY, MASS.; AND TOWNS OF BLACKSTONE AND MILLVILLE

IN WORCESTER COUNTY, MASS.
WESTERLY.....TOWNS OF CHARLESTOWN,
HOPKINTON, AND WESTERLY
IN WASHINGTON COUNTY

ELIGIBLE LABOR SURPLUS AREAS	POLITICAL JURISDICTIONS INCLUDED
SOUTH CAROLINA	
ALLENDALE	ALLENDALE COUNTY
BARNWELL	
BEAUFORT	
BENNETTSVILLE	
BISHOPVILLE	
CHARLESTON-NORTH CHARLESTON SMSA.	
OHRREDSTON NORTH CHARDESTON SHORE	AND DORCHESTER COUNTIES
CHESTER	
DILLON	
GEORGETOWN	
MARION	
MC CORMICK	
ORANGEBURG	
RIDGELAND	
SUMTER	SUMTER COUNTY
UNION	UNION COUNTY
WALTERBORO	COLLETON COUNTY
SOUTH DAKOTA	
BUFFALO COUNTY	BUFFALO COUNTY
WASHABAUGH COUNTY	WASHABAUGA COUNTY
ZIEBACH COUNTY	ZIEBACH COUNTY
TENNESSEE	
ATHENS	MC MINN COUNTY
BROWNSVILLE	HAYWOOD COUNTY
CROSSVILLE	CUMBERLAND COUNTY
DECATUR	MEIGS COUNTY
DECATURVILLE	DECATUR COUNTY
DOVER	STEWART COUNTY
ERIN	HOUSTON COUNTY
FAYETTEVILLE	
GAINESBORO	
HARRIMAN-ROCKWOOD	
HUMBOLDT	
JAMESTOWN	
LAFOLLETTE-JELLICO	
LENOIR	
LEXINGTON	
LIVINGSTON	
NEWPORT	
ONEIDA	
RIPLEY	· · · LAUUEKUALE COUNTY

### POLITICAL JURISDICTIONS INCLUDED

RUTLEDGE		OUNTY
SAVANNAH		NTY
SELMER		OUNTY
SEVIERVILLE		NTY
SNEEDVILLE.		UNTY
SOMERVILLE.	FAYETTE CO	UNTY
SWEETWATER.		JNTY
TIPTONVILLE	LAKE COUNT	Y
TRACY CITY.		JNTY
WAYNES BORO		YTY

### TEXAS

BROWNSVILLE-HARLINGEN-

SAN BENITO SMSACAMERON COUNTY	
CARRIZO SPRINGSDIMMIT COUNTY	
COTULLALA SALLE COUNTY	
CRYSTAL CITYZAVALA COUNTY	
DEL RIOVAL VERDE COUNTY	
EAGLE PASSMAVERICK COUNTY	
EL PASO SMSAEL PASO COUNTY	
GALVESTON-TEXAS CITY SMSAGALVESTON COUNTY	
LAREDO SMSAWEBB COUNTY	
LOVING COUNTYLOVING COUNTY	
MC ALLEN-PHARR-EDINBURGH SMSAHIDALGO COUNTY	
RAYMONDSVILLEWILLACY COUNTY	
RIO GRANDE CITYSTARR COUNTY	
SABINE COUNTY SABINE COUNTY	
ZAPATAZAPATA COUNTY	

### UTAH

HEBER	CITY		 	 	WASATCH	COUNTY
MANTI.			 	 	SANPETE	COUNTY
PANGUI	TCH.		 	 	GARFIELD	COUNTY
PIUTE	COUN	TY.	 	 	PIUTE CO	UNTY

### VERMONT

NEWPORTORLEANS COUNTY; TOWNS OF
AVERILL, AVERYS GORE, BLOOM-
FIELD, BRIGHTON, BRUNSWICK,
CANAAN, FERDINAND, LEMINGTON,
LEWIS, NORTON, WARNERS GRANT,
AND WARRENS GORE IN ESSEX
COUNTY
ST. JOHNSBURY CALENDONIA COUNTY EXCEPT TOWNS

ELIGIBLE LABOR	SURPLUS AREAS	POLITICAL	JURISDICTIONS	INCLUDED

OF GROTON AND RYEGATE; TOWNS
OF CONCORD, EAST HAVEN, GRANBY,
GUILDHALL, LUNENBURG, MAIDSTONE AND VICTORY IN ESSEX
COUNTY

### VIRGINIA

BUENA VISTA	BUENA VISTA AND LEXINGTON
	CITIES AND ROCKBRIDGE
	COUNTY
CHINCOTEAGUE	· ACCOMACK AND NORTHAMPTON
	COUNTIES
COLONIAL BEACH	· LANCASTER, NORTHUMBERLAND,
	RICHMOND, AND WESTMORELAND
	COUNTIES
KING AND QUEEN COUNTY	KING AND QUEEN COUNTY

LEBANON......DICKENSON AND RUSSELL COUNTIES

LUNENBURG COUNTY .........LUNENBURG COUNTY MARION......SMYTH COUNTY

NORTON-BIG STONE GAP......NORTON CITY AND WISE COUNTY SURRY COUNTY.....SURRY COUNTY

SUSSEX COUNTY.....SUSSEX COUNTY

### WASHINGTON

ABERDEENGRAYS HARBOR COU	NTY
ANACORTESSKAGIT COUNTY	
BELLINGHAM	
CENTRALIALEWIS COUNTY	
COLVILLESTEVENS COUNTY	
DAYTONCOLUMBIA COUNTY	
ELLENSBURGKITTITAS COUNTY	
FRIDAY HARBORSAN JUAN COUNTY	
GOLDENDALEKLICKITAT COUNTY	
LONGVIEW	
MOSES LAKEGRANT COUNTY	
NEWPORTPEND OREILLE COU	NTY
OAK HARBORISLAND COUNTY	
OKANOGANOKANOGAN COUNTY	
PORT ANGELES	
PORT TOWNSENDJEFFERSON COUNTY	
RAYMONDPACIFIC COUNTY	
REPUBLICFERRY COUNTY	

STEVENSON......SKAMANIA COUNTY

POLITICAL JURISDICTIONS INCLUDED

TACOMA SMSA......PIERCE COUNTY
WENATCHEE......CHELAN AND DOUGLAS COUNTIES
YAKIMA SMSA.....YAKIMA COUNTY

WEST VIRGINIA

HUNTINGTON-ASHLAND SMSA......CABELL AND WAYNE COUNTIES

IN W.VA.; BOYD AND GREENUP COUNTIES IN KY,; AND LAWRENCE COUNTY, OHIO

KINGWOOD......PRESTON COUNTY

OAK HILL-MONTGOMERY.....FAYETTE COUNTY
PARSONS.....TUCKER COUNTY
PENNSBORO....RITCHIE COUNTY
PETERSBURG.....GRANT COUNTY
RICHWOOD.....NICHOLAS COUNTY

RONCEVERTE-WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS...GREENBRIER AND MONROE

WILLIAMSON.....MINGO COUNTY

WISCONSIN

### Labor Supply Classifications and Summary Labor Force Data for Major Labor Areas, First Quarter 1978

### **Labor Supply Categories**

Each quarter the Department of Labor classifies 150 major employment centers according to the adequacy of their labor supply. A letter classification code, shown below, is assigned to each of these 150 areas.

Labor Supply Category	Description	Unemployment Rate 1/		
Group A	Excessive labor shortage	Less than 1.5%		
Group B	Serious labor shortage	1.5 to 2.9%		
Group C	Moderate labor shortage	3.0 to 5.9%		
Group D	Moderate labor surplus	6.0 to 8.9%		
Group E	Serious labor surplus	9.0 to 11.9%		
Group F	Excessive labor surplus	12.0 or more		

1 Ratio of unemployment to area's total labor force.

The categories used in classifying major labor areas according to the adequacy of labor supply represent a continuation of a system which has been in operation for over 25 years. Although modifications have been made in the system from time to time, the present labor supply categories as indicated above are basically changed since May 1955.

Unlike the area eligibility classifications under DMP-4A and the Buy American Act, no attempt is made to classify every labor area in the country according to adequacy of labor supply. The labor supply classifications are provided for only 150 of the major metropolitan areas and are to be used for analytical purposes only rather than for determining eligibility for preference under DMP-4A and the Buy American Act.

### Background

Although the system for classifying major labor areas on the basis of labor supply has been in operation for many years, the procedures used in making the labor supply classifications were changed as a result of DMP-4A. Under the new system, the classifications are now done on a quarterly basis rather than monthly as was done prior to the implementation of DMP-4A. However, the labor supply classifications continue to reflect the relative severity of unemployment as a percent of the area's labor force.

As a result of the change to quarterly labor supply classifications, such classifications are now based upon the average of the area's labor force data for the 3 months comprising the most recent quarter of the reference period. This may be contrasted with the previous system under which the monthly labor supply classifications were based on the area's current monthly labor force data as well as the anticipated employment and unemployment outlook over the next two months. The previous system also took account of temporary and seasonal changes in the labor force data in making the labor supply classifications. Under the new system, no attempt is made to analyze the factors responsible for an area's unemployment situation. Thus, the assignment of an area to a specific labor supply category reflects only the severity of the quarterly average unemployment.

Because of the changes introduced with this issue of Area Trends in classifying areas on the basis of labor supply, it may not be possible to compare the new labor supply classifications with historical data which have been published over the past several years. However, to assist in making comparisons with previous years, the monthly classifications for such years will be converted to quarterly labor supply classifications and made available upon request.

The labor supply classifications provided in this issue cover the first quarter of 1978. These classifications are based upon the average labor force data for the months of January, February, and March, 1978. Following is a comparison of the labor supply classifications for the first quarter of 1978 and each of the quarters of 1977.

Labor Supply Group	First Quarter 1978	Fourth Quarter 1977	Third Quarter 1977	Second Quarter 1977	First Quarter 1977
Total, All Groups	150	150	150	150	150
Group A	0	0	0	0	0
Group B	0	0	0	0	0
Group C	56	71	71	56	22
Group D	79	68	68	74	78
Group E	10	9	9	16	39
Group F	5	2	2	4	11

The first quarter labor supply classifications plus labor force data for each of the 150 major labor areas is provided in the table following this section.

### **Labor Market Areas**

A "labor market area" means a geographic area in which there is a concentration of economic activity of labor demand and in which workers can readily change jobs without changing their place of residence. Labor areas usually include one or more entire counties, except in New England where towns are considered the major geographical units.

The largest labor market areas are referred to as major labor areas. Major labor areas usually have at least one central city with a population of 50,000 or more. In most instances boundaries of major labor areas coincide with those of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas as determined by the Office of Management and Budget in consultation with a Federal interagency committee.

Geographical boundaries of all classified areas are listed in the Employment and Training Administration publication entitled Directory of Important Labor Areas. Revisions in labor area boundaries are listed in the Area Trends.

# Quarterly Labor Supply Classifications and Summary Labor Force Data for Major Labor Areas, and 1977 First Quarter 1978

(Quarterly Averages in Thousands)

		Civilian Labor Force						
	abor Supply	1978	1977					
	Classification	1	IV	III		1		
				11				
ALABAMA								
ANNISTON	D	43.4	43.0	42.5	42.7	41.1		
* BIRMINGHAM	C	361.6	359.4	365.0	360.9	351.1		
FLORENCE	D	52.6	52.2	52.6	52.7	50.1		
GADSDEN	D	38.8	38.8	39.2	38.5	36.9		
HUNTSVILLE	D	126.6	126.7	128.7	128.6	123.6		
* MOBILE	D		174.3	176.1	175.5	165.5		
MONTGOMERY	C	109.2	108.6	109.5	107.4	101.2		
TUSCALOOSA	D	53.4	52.7	52.3	53.1	51.0		
ALASKA								
ANCHORAGE	D	88.3	87.2	88.6	84.7	77.4		
ARIZONA								
* PHOENIX	С	583.8	586.9	571.5	575.0	567.4		
TUCSON	D	182.8	184.4	182.5	184.5	183.0		
ARKANSAS								
FAYETTEVILLE-SPRINGDAL	E C	69.8	69.7	68.8	68.0	66.5		
FORT SMITH	D	81.3	80.5	81.4				
*LITTLE ROCK-NORTH LITT	LE C	177.6	177.9	178.6		168.4		
PINE BLUFF	D	36.0	35.6	35.7	35.3	33.6		
Footnotes at end of table								

	Un	employme	nt			Unem	ployment	Rate	
1978		19	77		1978		19	77	
1	IV					_IV_			
3.4 20.2 3.9 2.9 8.2 12.5 5.1	3.3 22.7 3.7 3.1 8.4 13.1 5.8 3.7	4.0 24.5 4.0 3.3 10.0 14.6 6.6 3.8	3.8 24.0 4.4 3.4 9.8 14.1 6.4 3.7	4.1 26.9 5.4 3.9 10.3 13.8 5.9 3.3	7.8 5.6 7.4 7.4 6.4 7.1 4.7 7.8	7.7 6.3 7.0 7.9 6.7 7.5 5.3 7.1	9.3 6.7 7.7 8.4 7.8 8.3 6.1 7.3	8.9 6.7 8.3 8.8 7.6 8.1 5.9 6.9	10. 7. 10. 8. 8. 5. 6.
7.1	5.5	4.7	5.7	6.0	8.1	6.4	5.3	6.8	7.
33.7	36.0 13.1	41.4	46.0	48.6	5.8 6.2	6.1 7.1	7.3 8.3	8.0 7.5	8.
4.2 5.8 9.0 2.7	3.1 5.3 7.8 1.8	3.1 5.0 7.8 2.0	3.1 5.2 7.8 2.2	4.2 5.9 9.5 2.3	5.9 7.2 5.0 7.6	4.5 6.6 4.4 5.0	4.4 6.1 4.4 5.6	4.5 6.4 4.4 6.3	6. 7. 5. 6.

			Civil	ian Labor I	Force	
Labo	. Cumply	1978		19	77	
	r Supply sification	1_	IV			
CALIFORNIA						
*ANAHEIM-SANTA ANA GARDEN	С	972.1	946.4	922.5	908.1	884.0
BAKERSFIELD	E	164.7	168.7			158.0
* FRESNO	E	246.7	248.3		240.0	229.3
*LOS ANGELES-LONG BEACH	D	3376.3	3396.7		3317.0	
MODESTO	F	128.7	125.7	133.2	127.5	
OXNARD-SIMI VALLEY-VENTUR	D	203.1	196.4		196.2	
*RIVERSIDE-SAN BERNARDINO-		536.4	518.3			
SACRAMENTO	D	440.3	429.7		419.6	
SALINAS-SEASIDE-MONTEREY	E	121.0	121.9	124.9	122.1	112.9
*SAN DIEGO	D	664.1	660.1	651.1	637.1	
*SAN FRANCISCO-OAKLAND	D	1554.6	1531.3	1523.5		
*SAN JOSE	D	643.8	625.0	615.9		1
SANTA BARBARA-SANTA MARIA	D	134.9	130.8		131.7	
SANTA CRUZ	F	80.6	78.1	79.8	79.2	
SANTA ROSA	E	116.0	113.6	113.6	110.9	110.5
*STOCKTON	F	152.7	155.0	160.5	156.1	145.0
VALLEJO-FAIRFIELD-NAPA	D	118.3	117.0	117.8	116.1	113.6
COLORADO						
						-
COLORADO SPRINGS	D	110.2	112.1	114.6		
* DENVER-BOULDER	C	733.6		734.0		
FORT COLLINS	C	63.8	65.2	65.5		
GREELEY	C	53.9				
PUEBLO	E	51.0	51.5	51.9	50.7	48.

	U	nemployme	ent			Uner	mployment	Rate	
978		19	77		1978		19	977	
1	IV					IV	_1111		
51.8 16.2 27.6 63.0 19.3 17.5 37.9 38.5 14.0 49.5 98.2 42.3 9.8 10.0 10.5 21.0 8.8	49.5 14.8 22.4 249.3 14.5 15.9 38.9 33.1 9.4 49.0 98.6 37.2 8.2 6.9 9.1 16.5 8.5	55.4 13.5 19.7 280.7 13.9 17.2 44.7 35.2 8.5 56.2 113.7 39.0 9.7 7.0 10.7 13.9 8.8	55.7 14.3 22.5 250.3 22.3 14.4 42.4 39.5 9.3 59.0 116.5 45.4 9.5 7.5 11.6 17.6 10.2	57.1 15.8 25.4 288.3 21.6 15.1 45.7 41.0 12.6 61.2 124.1 45.6 11.1 10.2 12.6 19.7 10.3	5.3 9.9 11.2 7.8 15.0 8.6 7.1 8.7 11.5 7.4 6.3 6.6 7.3 12.4 9.1 13.8 7.5	5.2 8.8 9.0 7.3 11.5 8.1 7.5 7.7 7.4 6.4 5.9 6.3 8.8 8.0 10.6 7.3	6.0 8.0 7.3 8.3 10.5 8.7 8.8 8.2 6.8 8.6 7.5 6.3 7.4 8.8 9.4 8.6 7.5	6.1 8.6 9.4 7.5 17.5 7.3 8.4 9.4 7.6 9.3 7.8 7.5 7.2 9.5 10.5 11.3 8.8	6.5 10.0 11.1 8.6 9.0 10.0 11.2 9.3 8.3 7.6 8.3 11.4 13.6 9.3
8.0 40.6 3.2 2.7 5.2	7.5 39.8 2.7 2.5 5.4	7.8 43.1 2.7 2.5 4.5	8.0 45.5 3.1 2.8 4.1	8.5 46.3 3.3 3.0 4.6	7.3 5.5 5.0 5.0 10.2	6.7 5.4 4.1 4.4 10.5	6.8 5.9 4.1 4.2 8.8	7.2 6.2 4.7 4.8 8.1	8.0 6.4 5.1 5.0 9.4

** BRIDGEPORT D 185.8 184.3 184.0 186.1 182.4 BRISTOL C 35.6 34.6 34.6 34.8 32.8 DARBURY D 78.3 76.0 77.0 75.7 74.3 361.8 361.0 348.5 184.0 186.1 182.4 182.4 186.1 182.4 186.1 182.4 186.1 182.4 186.1 182.4 186.1 182.4 186.1 182.4 186.1 182.4 186.1 182.4 186.1 182.4 186.1 182.4 186.1 182.4 186.1 182.4 186.1 182.4 186.1 182.4 186.1 182.4 186.1 182.4 186.1 182.4 186.1 182.4 186.1 186.				Civili	ian Labor i	orce	
State and Area   Classification   1			1978				
* BRIDGEPORT D 185.8 184.3 154.0 186.1 182.4 BRISTOL C 35.6 34.6 34.6 34.8 32.8 42.8 DANBURY D 78.3 76.0 77.0 75.7 74.2 36.0 35.6 34.6 34.6 34.8 32.8 48.8 32.8 48.8 32.8 48.8 32.8 48.8 32.8 48.8 32.8 48.8 32.8 48.8 32.8 48.8 32.8 48.8 32.8 48.8 32.8 48.8 32.8 48.8 32.8 48.8 32.8 48.8 32.8 48.8 32.8 48.8 32.8 48.8 32.8 34.6 34.8 32.8 32.8 34.6 34.8 32.8 32.8 34.6 34.8 32.8 32.8 34.6 34.8 32.8 32.8 34.8 32.8 34.8 32.8 34.8 32.8 34.8 32.8 34.8 32.8 34.8 32.8 34.8 32.8 34.8 32.8 34.8 32.8 34.8 32.8 34.8 32.8 34.6 351. 36.8 36.8 36.8 36.8 36.2 36.8 36.8 36.2 36.8 36.8 36.2 36.8 36.8 36.8 36.2 36.8 36.8 36.8 36.2 36.8 36.8 36.2 36.8 36.8 36.8 36.2 36.8 36.8 36.2 36.8 36.8 36.2 36.8 36.8 36.2 36.8 36.2 36.8 36.8 36.2 36.8 36.8 36.8 36.8 36.2 39.9 38.8 36.8 36.8 36.2 39.9 38.8 36.8 36.8 36.8 36.8 36.8 36.8 36.8				IV		_11	_1_
BRISTOL C 35.6 34.6 34.6 34.8 32.8 DANBURY D 78.3 76.0 77.0 75.7 74.3 76.0 77.0 75.7 74.3 361.8 361.8 361.0 348.5 MERIDEN D 25.0 26.0 26.6 26.1 25.7 74.8 MERIDEN D 71.4 71.1 71.8 72.0 70.8 NEW BRITAIN D 71.4 71.1 71.8 72.0 70.8 NEW HAVEN-WEST HAVEN D 192.7 196.9 199.6 200.3 196.4 NEW LONDON-NORWICH D 103.7 103.1 106.9 105.3 101.9 NORWALK C 68.2 67.5 68.7 66.2 62.5 82.5 STAMFORD C 116.0 111.4 112.5 110.4 108.6 WATERBURY D 107.7 105.6 108.9 108.4 106.3 DELAWARE	CONNECTICUT						
BRISTOL C 35.6 34.6 34.6 34.8 32.8 DANBURY D 78.3 76.0 77.0 75.7 74.3 76.0 77.0 75.7 74.3 361.8 361.8 361.0 348.5 MERIDEN D 25.0 26.0 26.6 26.1 25.7 74.8 MERIDEN D 71.4 71.1 71.8 72.0 70.8 NEW BRITAIN D 71.4 71.1 71.8 72.0 70.8 NEW HAVEN-WEST HAVEN D 192.7 196.9 199.6 200.3 196.4 NEW LONDON-NORWICH D 103.7 103.1 106.9 105.3 101.9 NORWALK C 68.2 67.5 68.7 66.2 62.5 82.5 STAMFORD C 116.0 111.4 112.5 110.4 108.6 WATERBURY D 107.7 105.6 108.9 108.4 106.3 DELAWARE	* ODTIVERDOM	I)	105 0	194 2	194 0	1 46 1	100 /
DARBURY  * HARTFORD		_					22.4
MERIDEN			33.0	34.0	34.6	34.8	74 3
MERIDEN			70.3	76.0	77.0	75.7	74.3
* NEW BRITAIN D 71.4 71.1 71.8 72.0 70.8 * NEW HAVEN-WEST HAVEN D 192.7 196.9 199.6 200.3 196.4 * NEW LONDON-NORWICH D 103.7 103.1 106.9 105.3 101.5 NORWALK C 68.2 67.5 68.7 66.2 62.5 * STAMFORD C 116.0 111.4 112.5 110.4 108.6 * WATERBURY D 107.7 105.6 108.9 108.4 106.1 * WATERBURY D 107.7 105.6 108.9 108.4 106.1 * * WATERBURY D 229.7 240.6 238.0 238.1 231.6 * * WASHINGTON D 229.7 240.6 238.0 238.1 231.6 * * WASHINGTON C 1511.6 1551.7 1561.3 1549.4 1505.5 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *							348.5
* NEW HAVEN-WEST HAVEN D 192.7 196.9 199.6 200.3 196.4 NEW LONDON-NORWICH D 103.7 103.1 106.9 105.3 101.5 NORWALK C 68.2 67.5 68.7 66.2 62.5 *STAMFORD C 116.0 111.4 112.5 110.4 108.6 *WATERBURY D 107.7 105.6 108.9 108.4 106.3 *DELAWARE		-					
NEW LONDON-NORWICH D NORWALK C 68.2 67.5 68.7 66.2 62.5 STAMFORD C 116.0 111.4 12.5 110.4 108.6 108.7 107.7 105.6 108.9 108.4 106.1 106.1 111.4 108.6 106.1 108.9 108.4 106.1 106.1 108.9 108.4 106.1 106.1 108.9 108.4 106.1 106.1 108.9 108.4 106.1 106.1 108.9 108.4 108.4 106.1 108.9 108.4 108.4 108.4 108.1 108.9 108.4 108.4 108.1 108.9 108.4		_	71.4	71.1	71.8	72.0	70.8
NORWALK C 168.2 67.5 68.7 66.2 108.4 106.1 **STAMPORD C 116.0 111.4 112.5 110.4 108.6 **INCHER C 108.9 108.4 106.1 **INCHER C 108.9 108.4 108.4 106.1 **INCHER C 108.9 108.4 106.1 **INCHER C 108.9 108.4 106.1 **INCHER C 108.9 108.4 108.4 106.1 **INCHER C 108.9 108.4 108.4 106.1 **INCHER C 108.9 108.4	* NEW HAVEN-WEST HAVEN	_					196.4
* STAMFORD C 116.0 111.4 112.5 110.4 108.6 *WATERBURY D 107.7 105.6 108.9 108.4 106.3 *WATERBURY D 107.7 105.6 108.9 108.4 106.3 *WATERBURY D 107.7 105.6 108.9 108.4 106.3 *WASHINGTON D 229.7 240.6 238.0 238.1 231.6 *WASHINGTON C 1511.6 1551.7 1561.3 1549.4 1505.5 *WASHINGTON C 1511.6 1551.7 1561.3 1549.4 1505.5 *WASHINGTON C 48.3 47.9 46.2 47.4 47.6 *WASHINGTON D 87.1 86.4 87.9 84.3 82.6 *WASHINGTON D 367.4 362.3 352.8 344.6 351.6 *WASHINGTON D 367.4 362.3 352.8 344.6 351.6 *WASHINGTON D 367.4 362.3 352.8 344.6 351.6 *WASHINGTON D 268.3 66.8 62.3 61.4 63.6 *WASHINGTON D 298.8 304.2 299.3 286.6 279.6 *WASHINGTON D 125.2 123.1 114.5 115.6 61.1 *WASHINGTON D 125.2 123.1 114.5 115.6 114.6 *WASHINGTON D 278.9 282.2 278.8 270.2 265.7 *WASHINGTON D 278.9 *WASHINGTON D 278.9 *WASHINGTON D 278.9 *WASHINGTON D 2	NEW LONDON-NORWICH				106.9	105.3	101.9
*WATERBURY D 107.7 105.6 108.9 108.4 106.1  DELAWARE  *WILMINGTON D 229.7 240.6 238.0 238.1 231.6  DISTRICT OF COLUMB  *WASHINGTON C 1511.6 1551.7 1561.3 1549.4 1505.5  FLORIDA  BRADENTON C 48.3 47.9 46.2 47.4 47.  DAYTONA BEACH D 87.1 86.4 87.9 84.3 82.  FORT LAUDERDALE-HOLLYWOOD D 367.4 362.3 352.8 344.6 63.6  FORT MYERS C 68.3 66.8 62.3 61.4 63.  GAINESVILLE C 65.5 65.8 63.8 62.0 61.  *JACKSONVILLE D 296.8 304.2 299.3 286.6 279.  LAKELAND-WINTER HAVEN D 125.2 123.1 114.5 115.6 114.  MELBOURNE-TITUSVILLE COCO D 95.4 97.5 96.8 90.3 88.  *MIAMI D 692.2 702.3 694.3 667.1 663.  ORLANDO D 278.9 282.2 278.8 270.2 265.  PANAMA CITY E 37.7 38.1 38.3 36.8 34.	NORWALK	C			68.7	66.2	62.5
*WILMINGTON D 229.7 240.6 238.0 238.1 231.6  DISTRICT OF COLUMB  *WASHINGTON C 1511.6 1551.7 1561.3 1549.4 1505.9  FLORIDA  BRADENTON C 48.3 47.9 46.2 47.4 47.4  DAYTONA BEACH D 87.1 86.4 87.9 84.3 82.9  FORT LADDERDALE-HOLLYWOOD D 367.4 362.3 352.8 344.6 63.6  FORT MYERS C 68.3 66.8 62.3 61.4 63.6  GAINESVILLE C 65.5 65.8 63.8 62.0 61.4  *JACKSONVILLE D 296.8 304.2 299.3 286.6 6279.  LAKELAND-WINTER HAVEN D 125.2 123.1 114.5 115.6 61.4  MELBOURNE-TITUSVILLE COCO D 95.4 97.5 96.8 90.3 88.  *MIAMI D 692.2 702.3 694.3 667.1 663.0  PANAMA CITY E 37.7 38.1 38.3 36.8 34.8	* STAMFORD	C	116.0	111.4	112.5	110.4	108.0
*WILMINGTON D 229.7 240.6 238.0 238.1 231.6  DISTRICT OF COLUMB  *WASHINGTON C 1511.6 1551.7 1561.3 1549.4 1505.5  FLORIDA  BRADENTON C 48.3 47.9 46.2 47.4 47.  DAYTONA BEACH D 87.1 86.4 87.9 84.3 82.  FORT LAUDERDALE-HOLLYWOOD D 367.4 362.3 352.8 344.6 351.  FORT MYERS C 68.3 66.8 62.3 61.4 63.  GAINESVILLE C 65.5 65.8 63.8 62.0 61.4  *JACKSONVILLE D 296.8 304.2 299.3 286.6 62.0  *JACKSONVILLE D 296.8 304.2 299.3 286.6 62.0  LAKELAND-WINTER HAVEN D 125.2 123.1 114.5 115.6 114.  MELBOURNE-TITUSVILLE COCO D 95.4 97.5 96.8 90.3 88.  *MIAMI D 692.2 702.3 694.3 667.1 663.  ORLANDO D 278.9 282.2 278.8 270.2 265.  PANAMA CITY E 37.7 38.1 38.3 36.8 34.	* WATERBURY	D	107.7	105.6	108.9	108.4	106.1
* WASHINGTON C 1511.6 1551.7 1561.3 1549.4 1505.5  FLORIDA  BRADENTON C 48.3 47.9 46.2 47.4 47.4   DAYTONA BEACH D 87.1 86.4 87.9 84.3 82.5   FORT LAUDERDALE-HOLLYWOOD D 367.4 362.3 352.8 344.6 351.5   FORT MYERS C 68.3 66.8 62.3 61.4 63.5   GAINESVILLE C 65.5 65.8 63.8 62.0 61.4   * JACKSONVILLE D 296.8 304.2 299.3 286.6 279.1   LAKELAND-WINTER HAVEN D 125.2 123.1 114.5 115.6 114.5   MELBOURNE-TITUSVILLE COCO D 95.4 97.5 96.8 90.3 88.4   * MIAMI D 692.2 702.3 694.3 667.1 663.0   ORLANDO D 278.9 282.2 278.8 270.2 265.5   PANAMA CITY E 37.7 38.1 38.3 36.8 34.	DELAWARE						
* WASHINGTON C 1511.6 1551.7 1561.3 1549.4 1505.8  FLORIDA  BRADENTON C 48.3 47.9 46.2 47.4 47.0  DAYTONA BEACH D 87.1 86.4 87.9 84.3 82.0  FORT LAUDERDALE-HOLLYWOOD D 367.4 362.3 352.8 344.6 351.0  FORT MYERS C 68.3 66.8 62.3 61.4 63.0  GAINESVILLE C 65.5 65.8 63.8 62.0 61.4  * JACKSONVILLE D 296.8 304.2 299.3 286.6 279.0  LAKELAND-WINTER HAVEN D 125.2 123.1 114.5 115.6 114.0  MELBOURNE-TITUSVILLE COCO D 95.4 97.5 96.8 90.3 88.0  * MIAMI D 692.2 702.3 694.3 667.1 663.0  ORLANDO D 278.9 282.2 278.8 270.2 265.0  PANAMA CITY E 37.7 38.1 38.3 36.8 34.	* WILMINGTON	D	229.7	240.6	238.0	238.1	231.6
FLORIDA  BRADENTON C 48.3 47.9 46.2 47.4 47.4 DAYTONA BEACH D 87.1 86.4 87.9 84.3 82.5 FORT LAUDERDALE-HOLLYWOOD D 367.4 362.3 352.8 344.6 351.5 FORT MYERS C 68.3 66.8 62.3 61.4 63.6 GAINESVILLE C 65.5 65.8 63.8 62.0 61.4 63.4 GAINESVILLE D 296.8 304.2 299.3 286.6 279.5 LAKELAND-WINTER HAVEN D 125.2 123.1 114.5 115.6 114.5 MELBOURNE-TITUSVILLE COCO D 95.4 97.5 96.8 90.3 88.5 MIAMI D 692.2 702.3 694.3 667.1 663.5 ORLANDO D 278.9 282.2 278.8 270.2 265.5 PANAMA CITY E 37.7 38.1 38.3 36.8 34.5	DISTRICT OF COLUMB						
BRADENTON C 48.3 47.9 46.2 47.4 47.0 AYTONA BEACH D 87.1 86.4 87.9 84.3 82.1 FORT LAUDERDALE-HOLLYWOOD D 367.4 362.3 352.8 344.6 351.1 FORT MYERS C 68.3 66.8 62.3 61.4 63.1 GAINESVILLE C 65.5 65.8 63.8 62.0 61.1 AYACKSONVILLE D 296.8 304.2 299.3 286.6 279.1 LAKELAND-WINTER HAVEN D 125.2 123.1 114.5 115.6 114.1 MELBOURNE-TITUSVILLE COCO D 95.4 97.5 96.8 90.3 88.1 MIAMI D 692.2 702.3 694.3 667.1 663.1 ORLANDO D 278.9 282.2 278.8 270.2 265.1 PANAMA CITY E 37.7 38.1 38.3 36.8 34.1	* WASHINGTON	С	1511.6	1551.7	1561.3	1549.4	1505.5
FORT LAUDERDALE-HOLLYWOOD D FORT MYERS C 68.3 GAINESVILLE C 65.5 G5.8 G3.8 G6.8 G6.8 G6.9 G6.8 G6.8 G6.8 G6.9 G6.8 G6.8 G6.8 G6.9 G6.8 G6.8 G6.8 G6.8 G6.9 G6.8 G6.8 G6.8 G6.8 G6.8 G6.8 G6.8 G6.8	FLORIDA						
FORT LAUDERDALE-HOLLYWOOD D FORT MYERS C 68.3 GAINESVILLE C 65.5 G5.8 G3.8 G6.8 G6.8 G6.9 G6.8 G6.8 G6.8 G6.9 G6.8 G6.8 G6.8 G6.9 G6.8 G6.8 G6.8 G6.8 G6.9 G6.8 G6.8 G6.8 G6.8 G6.8 G6.8 G6.8 G6.8	OD A D DAIMOND	0	44. 2	47.0	46.0		47.0
FORT LAUDERDALE-HOLLYWOOD D 367.4 362.3 352.8 344.6 351.  FORT MYERS C 68.3 66.8 62.3 61.4 63.  GAINESVILLE C 65.5 65.8 63.8 62.0 61.  *JACKSONVILLE D 296.8 304.2 299.3 286.6 279.  LAKELAND-WINTER HAVEN D 125.2 123.1 114.5 115.6 114.  MELBOURNE-TITUSVILLE COCO D 95.4 97.5 96.8 90.3 88.  *MIAMI D 692.2 702.3 694.3 667.1 663.  ORLANDO D 278.9 282.2 278.8 270.2 265.  PANAMA CITY E 37.7 38.1 38.3 36.8 34.			48.3	47.9	46.2	4/.4	47.0
FORT MYERS C 68.3 66.8 62.3 61.4 63.6 GAINESVILLE C 65.5 65.8 63.8 62.0 61.   *JACKSONVILLE D 296.8 304.2 299.3 286.6 279.   LAKELAND-WINTER HAVEN D 125.2 123.1 114.5 115.6 114.   MELBOURNE-TITUSVILLE COCO D 95.4 97.5 96.8 90.3 88.   *MIAMI D 692.2 702.3 694.3 667.1 663.   ORLANDO D 278.9 282.2 278.8 270.2 265.   PANAMA CITY E 37.7 38.1 38.3 36.8 34.		_	87.1	86.4	87.9	84.3	82.2
GAINESVILLE C 65.5 65.8 63.8 62.0 61.  *JACKSONVILLE D 296.8 304.2 299.3 286.6 279.  LAKELAND-WINTER HAVEN D 125.2 123.1 114.5 115.6 114.  MELBOURNE-TITUSVILLE COCO D 95.4 97.5 96.8 90.3 88.  *MIAMI D 692.2 702.3 694.3 667.1 663.  ORLANDO D 278.9 282.2 278.8 270.2 265.  PANAMA CITY E 37.7 38.1 38.3 36.8 34.	FORT LAUDERDALE-HOLLYV						
*JACKSONVILLE D 296.8 304.2 299.3 286.6 279.  LAKELAND-WINTER HAVEN D 125.2 123.1 114.5 115.6 114.  MELBOURNE-TITUSVILLE COCO D 95.4 97.5 96.8 90.3 88.  *MIAMI D 692.2 702.3 694.3 667.1 663.  ORLANDO D 278.9 282.2 278.8 270.2 265.  PANAMA CITY E 37.7 38.1 38.3 36.8 34.	FORT MYERS						
LAKELAND-WINTER HAVEN D 125.2 123.1 114.5 115.6 114. MELBOURNE-TITUSVILLE COCO D 95.4 97.5 96.8 90.3 88. **  * MIAMI D 692.2 702.3 694.3 667.1 663. ORLANDO D 278.9 282.2 278.8 270.2 265. PANAMA CITY E 37.7 38.1 38.3 36.8 34.	GAINESVILLE						
MELBOURNE-TITUSVILLE COCO D       95.4       97.5       96.8       90.3       88.         * MIAMI D       692.2       702.3       694.3       667.1       663.         ORLANDO D       278.9       282.2       278.8       270.2       265.         PANAMA CITY E       37.7       38.1       38.3       36.8       34.	* JACKSONVILLE	D			299.3	286.6	
MELBOURNE-TITUSVILLE COCO D       95.4       97.5       96.8       90.3       88.         * MIAMI D       692.2       702.3       694.3       667.1       663.         ORLANDO D       278.9       282.2       278.8       270.2       265.         PANAMA CITY E       37.7       38.1       38.3       36.8       34.	LAKELAND-WINTER HAVEN	D	125.2	123.1	114.5	115.6	114.5
* MIAMI D 692.2 702.3 694.3 667.1 663. ORLANDO D 278.9 282.2 278.8 270.2 265. PANAMA CITY E 37.7 38.1 38.3 36.8 34.	MELBOURNE-TITUSVILLE (	COCO D	95.4				
ORLANDO D 278.9 282.2 278.8 270.2 265. PANAMA CITY E 37.7 38.1 38.3 36.8 34.	* MIAMI	D					
PANAMA CITY E 37.7 38.1 38.3 36.8 34.							
	PENSACOLA	c					

	Un	employme	nt			Unen	ployment	Rate	
1978		19	77		1978		19	77	
	IV					_IV			
12.3 2.1 4.9 20.2 1.6 4.9 11.7 8.4 3.2 5.3 8.0	11.1 1.7 4.0 17.7 1.6 3.9 12.4 6.3 2.8 4.4 6.7	12.8 2.3 4.8 23.0 2.1 5.1 15.2 6.0 3.5 5.3 8.4	14.3 2.6 5.3 25.0 2.2 6.0 17.0 6.4 3.6 6.0 9.0	16.7 3.3 6.2 28.5 2.5 6.9 19.7 7.2 4.4 6.9 10.4	6.6 5.8 6.2 5.6 6.5 6.9 6.1 8.1 4.8 4.6 7.5	6.0 4.8 5.3 4.9 6.0 5.5 6.3 6.1 4.1 3.9 6.3	7.0 6.5 6.2 6.4 7.8 7.1 7.6 5.6 5.1 4.7	7.7 7.4 7.1 6.9 8.4 8.3 8.5 6.1 5.5 5.4 8.3	9.2 10.2 8.3 8.2 9.8 9.7 10.0 7.1 7.0 6.4 9.8
18.5	17.5	19.0	19.5	25.0	8.0	7.3	8.0	8.2	10.8
76.5	72.1	81.4	83.3	83.7	5.1	4.6	5.2	5.4	5.6
2.8 5.8 26.4 3.8 3.3 17.8 9.2 7.9 48.6 17.5 3.8 5.6	3.0 5.9 29.4 3.7 3.4 18.6 12.8 8.6 56.8 20.2 4.0 6.1	3.1 5.3 28.6 3.3 3.3 18.1 14.3 8.0 56.5 20.8 3.2 5.5	3.3 6.4 33.2 4.4 3.6 20.3 11.8 8.5 62.7 23.0 3.6 6.0	4.1 7.7 38.6 6.4 3.6 20.5 10.0 9.4 66.4 24.4 3.6 6.3	5.8 6.6 7.2 5.5 5.0 6.0 7.3 8.3 7.0 6.3 10.1 5.2	6.3 6.9 8.1 5.5 5.1 6.1 10.4 8.9 8.1 7.2 10.6 5.5	6.6 6.0 8.1 5.3 5.2 6.1 12.5 8.2 8.1 7.4 8.3 5.0	7.0 7.6 9.6 7.1 5.8 7.1 10.2 9.4 9.4 8.5 9.8 5.8	8.7 9.4 11.0 10.1 5.9 7.3 8.7 10.7 10.0 9.2 10.3 6.3

		Civilian Labor Force						
	abar Cumply	1978						
	Labor Supply Classification		IV		_11_			
SARASOTA	C	59.9	59.0					
TALLAHASSEE	C		73.7					
*TAMPA-ST. PETERBURG WEST PALM BEACH-BOCA RA	_	555.7 208.8	560.8	189.8	534.4	529.9 196.2		
GEORGIA								
ALBANY	D	45.1			45.3			
* ATLANTA	C	861.9	870.8	869.9	873.9			
* AUGUSTA	D	120.9	123.8	122.8		115.7		
* COLUMBUS	D		87.4	88.0		81.2		
* MACON	D	103.4	106.2	105.3		101.6		
* SAVANNAH	D	86.4	89.0	87.8	88.1	84.4		
HAWAII								
* HONOLULU	D	314.6	318.0	321.6	323.0	316.9		
IDAHO								
BOISE CITY	С	81.8	78.9	80.0	77.7	74.1		
ILLINOIS								
BLOOMINGTON-NORMAL	С	61.0	60.3	58.4	58.8	57.2		
CHAMPAIGN-URBANA-RANTO		74.3		72.3	73.8	73.3		
* CHICAGO	D	3334.3		3357.4		3244.2		
* DAVENPORT-ROCK ISLAND-		177.7		174.2	173.9	171.3		
DECATUR	D	60.6	60.8	60.0	60.0	59.		
KANKAKEE	D	40.5		41.4	40.8	39.8		
* PEORIA	D	171.9	171.5	171.3	168.1	164.		
* ROCKFORD	D	132.6		130.7		126.8		
SPRINGFIELD	D	96.1	101.2	101.6	96.8	94.		

	Ur	nemployment			Unem	ployment I	Rate
1978		1977		1978		19	77
1	IV	-    -    -			IV		
3.1 3.4 34.6 13.8	3.4 3.6 38.2 15.8	3.1 3.4 3.5 40.2 16.5 17.6	4.5 3.4 50.4 21.0	5.1 4.7 6.2 6.6	5.7 4.8 6.8 7.8	5.4 4.7 7.3 8.7	6.5 5.0 8.8 9.4
3.1 49.9 8.1 5.4 8.1 5.2	3.5 58.2 8.7 6.0 10.1 6.4	3.9 3.7 64.3 66.3 9.7 9.3 6.8 6.6 8.8 8.6 6.9 6.9	3.4 63.9 9.0 5.5 8.2 5.7	6.9 5.8 6.7 6.2 7.8 6.0	7.7 6.7 7.0 6.9 9.5 7.2	8.5 7.4 7.9 7.7 8.4 7.8	8.1 7.7.6 7.8 7.7 6.8.3 8.3 7.8 6.
19.2	22.8	22.3 22.6	25.1	6.1	7.2	6.9	7.0 7.
3.1	2.5	2.6 2.9	3.9	3.8	3.1	3.2	3.7 5.
3.6 4.5 219.7 11.3 5.0 3.6 10.8 8.3 6.7	2.1 3.1 193.1 8.0 4.0 3.0 8.8 8.7 5.1	2.4 3.2 3.2 205.4 8.7 4.1 3.3 9.4 9.2 5.2 4.8	2.7 3.7 199.3 9.2 5.0 3.6 9.5 8.4 5.9	5.9 6.0 6.6 6.4 8.3 8.9 6.3 7.0	3.5 4.2 5.8 4.6 6.5 7.3 5.1 6.6 5.0	4.2 4.5 6.1 5.0 6.9 7.8 5.5 7.1 5.1	4.0 4.4 5.8 6.4.7 5.8 6.7 8.1 9.5.1 5.8 6.5.0 6.5

			CIVIII	an Labor F	orce	
	Labor Supply	1978				
State and Area	Classification	1	IV			1
INDIANA						
ANDERSON	D	60.8	60.7	60.1	59.7	58.9
BLOOMINGTON	D	41.3	40.5	38.4	38.2	38.8
* EVANSVILLE	C	134.1	134.1	135.1	133.9	132.2
* FORT WAYNE	C	177.3	176.4	177.7	177.3	174.7
* GARY-HAMMOND-EAST CHIC	CAGO D	280.8	281.6	285.8	281.3	275.1
* INDIANAPOLIS	C	556.1	554.4	551.5	550.8	541.8
KOKOMO	D	51.0	50.4	50.2	49.3	48.0
LAFAYETTE-WEST LAFAYET		60.2	60.2	56.9	57.3	58.1
MUNCIE	D	56.6	56.0		55.6	54.6
* SOUTH BEND	C	133.7	132.3	131.1	132.3	131.7
* TERRE HAUTE	D	78.8	77.2	75.4	75.1	75.2
AWOI						
* CEDAR RAPIDS	С	82.9	83.6	82.9	83.5	80.7
* DES MOINES	C	172.8	172.1	171.5	172.4	169.7
DUBUQUE	C	44.2	44.3	44.6	44.5	42.7
SIOUX CITY	C	58.7	59.1	58.8	59.1	56.3
WATERLOO-CEDAR FALLS	C	64.7	66.2	65.3	65.5	63.8
KANSAS						
LAWRENCE	С	32.1	32.5	30.8	30.9	30.4
TOPEKA	C	93.6		94.8	93.0	90.1
* WICHITA	C	204.3	208.9	211.2	207.0	202.2
KENTUCKY						
LEXINGTON-FAYETTE	С	150.7	159.4	155.3	155.7	148.3
* LOUISVILLE	C	397.1	404.9	400.6	394.4	387.3
OWENSBORO	C	36.2	38.4	37.5	36.9	35.3
OHLINDBORO		30.2	30.4	3/.3	30.9	33.

	Ur	employme	nt	***		Unen	nployment	Rate	
1978	315,000 a 100 a 1 a 1	19	77		1978		19	77	
1	IV					IV	_111		
3.7 3.0 7.0 9.0 17.5 31.5 3.5 2.9 3.9 7.4 6.0	2.9 2.0 5.9 7.6 16.6 27.5 2.6 2.2 3.0 6.4 4.0	3.3 2.2 6.6 8.0 17.0 29.0 2.6 2.3 2.7 6.0 3.6	3.3 2.6 6.0 8.2 17.1 32.0 2.3 2.3 2.8 7.0 4.2	3.7 3.8 8.1 11.1 22.5 36.1 2.5 2.9 4.5 9.0 5.8	6.0 7.2 5.2 5.1 6.2 5.7 6.9 4.8 6.9 5.5	4.8 4.9 4.4 4.3 5.9 5.0 5.2 3.7 5.3 4.9 5.2	5.5 5.7 4.9 4.5 5.9 5.3 5.2 4.1 5.0 4.6 4.8	5.6 6.8 4.5 4.6 6.1 5.8 4.7 4.1 5.0 5.3 5.6	6.3 9.9 6.1 6.3 8.2 6.7 5.3 5.0 8.2 6.9 7.7
3.2 7.7 2.6 3.5 3.2	2.5 5.9 2.0 2.7 2.4	3.1 7.0 2.3 2.5 2.8	3.5 7.2 2.3 2.7 3.0	3.7 8.2 2.7 3.1 3.4	3.9 4.5 5.9 5.9 4.9	3.0 3.4 4.5 4.6 3.7	3.7 4.1 5.2 4.2 4.3	4.2 4.2 5.3 4.5 4.6	4.6
1.2 4.1 8.0	1.2 4.1 9.2	1.2 3.9 10.3	1.1 3.5 10.0	1.3 4.1 10.9	3.8 4.4 3.9	3.6 4.3 4.4	3.9 4.1 4.9	3.7 3.8 4.8	4.
5.5 21.5 1.9	5.0 19.8 1.6	4.8 19.1 1.6	4.2 19.0 1.7	5.1 25.6 2.2	3.6 5.4 5.3	3.2 4.9 4.1	3.1 4.8 4.4	2.7 4.8 4.5	3. 6. 6.

		Civilian Labor Force						
Labor	Supply	1978		19	77			
State and Area Classif			_IV_					
LOUISIANA								
ALEXANDRIA  * BATON ROUGE LAFAYETTE LAKE CHARLES MONROE  * NEW ORLEANS  * SHREVEPORT	E D C E D D	67.9 206.2 62.7 66.5 53.6 474.8 151.5	197.8 59.8 64.5 50.7	60.7	51.9			
MAINE								
LEWISTOWN-AUBURN * PORTLAND	D C	36.4 82.3	37.1 84.8	36.6 83.1	36.6 83.6	36.1 81.7		
MARYLAND								
* BALTIMORE	D	1014.5	978.3	968.6	966.6	953.8		
MASSACHUSETTS								
* BOSTON  * BROCKTON  * FALL RIVER  FITCHBURG-LEOMINSTER  * LAWKENCE-HAVERHILL  * LOWELL  * NEW BEDFORD  PITTSFIELD  * SPRINGFIELD-CHICOPEE-HOLY  * WORCESTER	D D D D D D E D C C	78.4	79.0 76.6 47.5 N.A. 109.7 82.2 68.8 273.7	79.1 77.1 47.7 N.A. 109.3 83.8 71.0	75.2 47.8 N.A.	76.3 73.8 47.		

	Unemploymer	nt		Unemployment F	Rate
1978	197	77	1978	197	77
			_1_		
6.3 14.4 3.4 7.0 4.1 33.2	4.9 5.5 13.3 15.2 2.4 2.7 4.6 5.2 3.2 3.7 31.6 36.1 8.2 9.1	5.8 6.3 13.6 12.5 2.6 2.7 5.3 5.4 4.1 4.2 35.4 36.0 8.7 9.5	9.3 7.0 5.3 10.6 7.6 7.0 6.6	7.4 8.1 6.7 7.8 3.9 4.4 7.1 7.8 6.4 7.2 6.9 7.8 5.7 6.1	8.6 9.3 6.9 6.3 4.4 4.5 8.2 8.2 7.9 7.9 7.7 7.8 6.0 6.4
2.3	2.5 5.6 5.5	2.6 6.3 7.5	6.3	6.9 9.2 6.6 6.6	7.0 7.5 9.2
76.8	60.4 59.3	59.6 78.3	7.6	6.2 6.1	6.2 8.2
88.4 5.9 5.8 3.3 10.6 8.0 7.9 4.8 16.0 11.4	85.0 116.3 7.9 5.4 6.8 3.0 4.1 N.A. N.A. 7.2 9.9 7.1 9.5 4.6 6.7 15.4 20.6 10.0 13.9	101.6 7.1 6.3 4.0 N.A. 8.7 N.A. 8.7 10.7 8.1 10.5 6.2 18.8 22.9 12.6	6.5 7.5 7.6 6.9 7.8 7.1 9.5 7.0 5.8	6.3 8.6 6.9 10.0 7.0 8.8 6.4 8.5 N.A. N.A. 6.6 9.1 8.6 11.3 6.7 9.4 5.6 7.5 5.1 7.2	7.6 8.8 9.1 10.7 8.4 11.1 8.3 9.8 N.A. N.A 8.1 10.1 9.9 13.0 8.9 10.1 6.9 8.6 6.5 8.0

			Civilian Labor Force						
Lahr	or Supply	1978		19	77				
	sification		_IV_						
MICHIGAN									
ANN ARBOR	С	134.7	134.8	128.7	128.8	131.5			
* BATTLE CREEK	D	80.6							
BAY CITY	D	53.1	53.3						
* DETROIT	D			1971.8					
* FLINT	D	220.9							
* GRAND RAPIDS	C	283.6							
JACKSON	D	65.0		1					
* KALAMAZOO-PORTAGE	D	129.4		1					
* LANSING-EAST LANSING	D	224.8							
* MUSKEGON-NORTON SHORES-MU	E	75.4							
* SAGINAW	С	102.1							
MINNESOTA									
* DULUTH-SUPERIOR	D	114.7			115.1				
* MINNEAPOLIS-ST.PAUL	C	1024.2		1013.5	1012.4				
ROCHESTER	C	48.0							
ST. CLOUD	D	61.3	62.0	63.2	63.1	59.8			
MISSISSIPPI									
BILOXI-GULFPORT	D	60.0	60.4	60.4	59.2	56.9			
* JACKSON	C	139.4	138.9	139.3	137.8	131.5			
PASCAGOULA-MOSS POINT	D	52.4	54.3	54.7	54.2	53.			
MISSOURI									
COLUMBIA	C	53.4	1						
* KANSAS CITY	C	653.6							
ST. JOSEPH	D	45.7							
* ST. LOUIS	D			1071.7					
SPRINGFIELD	C	97.6	98.7	98.6	98.0	95.			

	U	nemployme	ent			Une	mployment	Rate	
1978		19	77		1978		19	77	
	_IV					IV			
7.3	7.2	8.8	7.9	10.0	5.4	5.4	6.8	6.1	7.6
5.7	6.1	6.9	6.5	7.5	7.1	7.5	8.4	8.0	9.3
3.7	3.9	4.2	4.1	4.7	7.0	7.3	7.9	8.0	9.2
143.4	135.2	163.1	146.7	174.7	7.2	6.8	8.3	7.5	9.0
17.0	15.4	23.0	16.5	19.8	7.7	7.0	10.5	7.7	9.3
15.2	15.2	18.1	16.6	20.5	5.4	5.3	6.5	5.9	7.4
4.2	4.4	5.3	5.3	6.7	6.4	6.8	8.2	8.2	10.3
7.9	7.7	8.4	7.9	9.8	6.1	5.9	6.5	6.1	7.6
14.4	14.0	21.3	15.2	17.5	6.4	6.2	9.8	6.9	8.0
7.0	6.3	7.1	6.4	7.7	9.2	8.4	9.2	8.5	10.3
5.7	5.9	7.1	6.7	7.3	5.6	5.8	7.1	6.8	7.6
8.8	9.4	8.8	8.8	10.7	7.7	8.3	7.7	7.7	9.6
36.3	37.3	41.1	42.4	48.5	3.5	3.6	4.1	4.2	5.0
1.8	1.7	1.5	1.7	2.1	3.7	3.4	3.0	3.6	4.6
4.6	3.6	3.6	4.2	5.6	7.6	5.8	5.7	6.7	9.3
4.3	5.4	4.8	4.7	4.5	7.1	9.0	8.0	8.0	7.8
7.8	7.9	8.7	8.2	7.9	5.6	5.7	6.2	6.0	6.0
3.4	3.6	3.5	3.2	2.9	6.6	6.7	6.4	5.9	5.3
2.0	1.9	2.1	2.0	2.1	3.7	3.6	4.0	3.8	4.2
33.3	35.1	40.8	35.7	40.4	5.1	5.3	6.1	5.4	6.3
2.9	2.8	2.8	2.7	3.4	6.3	6.1	6.1	5.9	7.6
73.2	65.4	69.3	68.2	80.5	6.9	6.1	6.5	6.4	7.7
5.0	4.5	4.3	4.3	5.1	5.1	4.6	4.3	4.4	5.4

			Civili	an Labor F	orce	
Lak	or Supply	1978		19	77	
	ssification		IV			_1
MONTANA						
BILLINGS GREAT FALLS	D D	52.8 35.7	53.4 35.5	53.8 36.0	52.3 35.0	50.2 32.7
NEBRASKA						
LINCOLN * OMAHA	C C	102.9 271.8	107.0 276.6	106.0 277.3	106.7 275.4	100.0
NEVADA						
LAS VEGAS RENO NEW HAMPSHIRE <sup>1</sup>	D C	174.5 93.1	178.2 94.2	177.2 92.8	172.3 89.3	168. 85.
NEW JERSEY						
* ATLANTIC CITY  * JERSEY CITY LONG BRANCH-ASBURY PARK  * NEW BRUNSWICK-PERTH AMBO  * NEWARK  * PATERSON-CLIFTON-PASSAIO  * TRENTON VINELAND-MILLVILLE-BRIDO	D E C	76.7 251.8 212.1 305.4 935.1 207.9 155.6 59.1	259.3 220.6 306.1 954.8 215.1	89.9 258.5 225.6 300.4 937.6 210.2 155.6 59.1	256.7 217.8 294.4 927.7 213.2	78. 261. 209. 293. 921. 212. 153. 57.
NEW MEXICO						
* ALBUQUERQUE	D	187.0	188.7	189.2	184.8	178.

	Ur	employment				Unem	ployment i	Rate	
1978		1977			1978		197	77	
1	IV	_     _	<u> </u>	1				_   _	ı
3.4	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.7	6.5	4.3	4.3		.4
4.5 13.7	3.2 13.5	2.9	2.8	3.1	4.4	3.0	2.7 5.3		.1
10.6	13.7	13.2		5.4	6.1	7.7 4.6	7.5 4.2		.1
9.7 27.2 16.6 19.8 66.3 19.1 8.7 5.9	9.4 28.5 16.9 20.6 72.5 20.0 9.4 6.1	20.0 26.0 86.1 23.5 10.9	33.9 4 19.8 2 25.1 3 34.7 9 24.6 2	2.7 0.3 3.3 0.1 5.5 7.7 1.4 8.9	12.7 10.8 7.8 6.5 7.1 9.2 5.6 10.0	11.5 11.0 7.7 6.7 7.6 9.3 5.8 10.4	10.1 13.0 8.9 8.6 9.2 11.2 7.0 12.0	11.0 16 13.2 15 9.1 11 8.5 10 9.1 10 11.5 13 6.6 7 11.4 15	.4 .1 .4
11.4	12.5	15.1	15.3	7.4	6.1	6.6	8.0	8.3 9	.8

Civilian Labor Force			
	Civilian	Inhar	Enves

Labo	or Supply	1978		19	77	
	sification		IV			
NEW YORK						
* ALBANY-SCHENECTADY-TROY	D	358.6	357.2	360.9	358.8	349.1
* BINGHAMTON	D	131.6	134.7		134.0	129.0
* BUFFALO	D	558.6	569.6	572.6	566.1	554.6
ELMIRA	D	40.0	40.0	40.9	40.8	39.8
* NASSAU-SUFFOLK	D	1219.9		1229.2	1216.3	1174.7
* NEW YORK	E	3640.2	3587.8	3619.5		3637.7
POUGHKEEPSIE	C	98.2	98.7	98.6	96.8	93.9
* ROCHESTER	D	448.0	A C C	453.6	452.0	440.2
* SYRACUSE	D	289.7	1 202 5	288.8	286.1	278.8
* UTICA-ROME	D	133.8	136.5	139.2	137.7	134.1
NORTH CAROLINA						
			80.5	82.4	79.3	77.4
* ASHEVILLE	C	81.0	46.6	47.6		46.5
BURLINGTON	D	46.9	321.5	321.1	319.4	311.8
* CHARLOTTE-GASTONIA	C	325.3				
FAYETTEVILLE	D	65.8	67.1	68.1	1	65.0
* GREENSBORO-WINSTON-SALEM-		406.6				396.7
* RALEIGH-DURHAM	C	265.5	262.1	259.1		252.1
WILMINGTON	D	56.8	57.8	58.9	59.2	57.1
NORTH DAKOTA					+	
	0	(0.0	69.9	68.0	67.6	64.8
FARGO-MOOREHEAD	C	68.9				
GRAND FORKS	C	44.6	N.A	N.A	N.A.	N.A

	Uı	nemployme	ent			Unen	ployment	Rate	
1978		19	77		1978		19	977	
1	_IV_					IV		·_II_	
23.3 9.6 48.9 3.5 90.5 341.1 5.6 30.6 21.2 11.2	21.5 8.7 45.7 3.2 92.2 351.2 5.2 27.4 19.8 10.4	21.9 8.9 46.9 3.6 98.5 357.2 5.1 27.8 19.4 10.7	27.9 10.2 52.7 4.5 113.5 312.7 6.0 34.2 24.7 14.4	31.8 11.2 65.7 5.0 124.1 369.5 6.7 37.9 28.1 16.6	6.5 7.3 8.7 8.6 7.4 9.4 5.7 6.8 7.3	6.0 6.5 8.0 7.9 7.5 9.8 5.2 6.0 6.7 7.6	6.1 6.6 8.2 8.7 8.0 9.9 5.2 6.1 6.7	7.8 7.6 9.3 11.0 9.3 8.6 6.2 7.6 8.6 10.5	9.1 8.7 11.8 12.6 10.6 10.2 7.1 8.6 10.1 12.4
4.6 3.0 12.5 4.9 19.1 9.9 4.1	4.2 2.8 12.4 4.6 17.7 8.9 4.7	3.6 3.4 15.7 5.3 21.3 10.9 5.0	4.3 3.9 15.1 5.5 21.2 10.7 5.0	5.7 4.6 15.9 5.1 24.3 10.4 5.2	5.7 6.5 3.9 7.5 4.7 3.7 7.2	5.2 6.1 3.8 6.9 4.4 3.4 8.1	4.4 7.2 4.9 7.7 5.3 4.2 8.6	5.4 8.4 4.7 8.1 5.3 4.2 8.4	7.3 10.0 5.1 7.8 6.1 4.1 9.1
3.1 2.3	2.8 N.A.	2.4 N.A.	2.5 N.A.	2.9 N.A.	4.6	4.0 N.A.	3.5 N.A.	3.6 N.A.	4.5 N.A

			Civil	ian Labor I	Force		
	Labor Supply	1978	1977				
State and Area	Classification		IV				
ORIO							
* AKRON	D	288.3	295.7	298.1	291.9	287.6	
* CANTON	D	170.4	175.5	177.8	173.4	172.2	
* CINCINNATI	C	611.1	627.5	631.6	614.6	596.7	
* CLEVELAND	C	889.8	913.6	926.8	898.2	885.4	
* COLUMBUS	C	501.3	519.6	522.2	505.9	495.3	
* DAYTON	C	365.1	374.7	371.9	364.3	359.0	
* HAMILTON-MIDDLETOWN	D	102.7	106.9	105.8	104.4	103.9	
LIMA	D	95.9	97.6	99.9	95.8	93.4	
* LORAIN-ELYRIA	C	119.1	121.6	122.5	117.8	115.9	
MANSFIELD	D	59.1	60.1	60.9	59.7	58.3	
SPRINGFIELD	D	79.7	81.5	83.6	80.6	1	
* STEUBENVILLE-WEIRTON		N.A		66.5	64.1	1	
* TOLEDO.	D	352.8	360.8	360.2	353.1	347.5	
* YOUNGSTOWN-WARREN	ט	230.5	237.8	238.4	231.3	228.9	
OKLAHOMA							
LAWTON	С	32.2	31.9	31.5	31.4	30.3	
* OKLAHOMA CITY	C	375.9		366.1	362.8	348.3	
* TULSA	С	295.8	296.3	297.4	292.6	281.6	
OREGON							
EUGENE-SPRINGFIELD	D	118.6	120.2	119.0	118.7	114.3	
* PORTLAND	C	556.3		541.4	541.5	526.5	
SALEM	C	105.8	107.1	111.5	105.2	99.8	
		103.0	107.1	111.5	103.2		

	Ur	nemployme	ent			Unen	nployment	Rate	
1978		19	77		1978		19	77	
	IV		_ !!			IV			
17.8 11.2 34.2 45.8 25.9 18.3 7.4 6.4 5.1 4.9 N.A 23.8 19.9	16.3 10.5 30.2 46.5 24.6 17.2 7.4 5.6 6.4 4.1 4.2 4.1 22.2 17.9	17.0 11.0 32.3 49.6 28.1 18.2 7.0 6.0 7.0 3.8 4.8 3.0 23.4 17.6	19.3 12.4 33.4 54.7 29.0 19.5 7.9 6.2 6.9 4.2 5.2 3.0 24.4 16.7	24.8 17.5 41.5 64.6 37.9 26.0 11.7 8.1 8.9 5.4 6.5 4.1 31.5 23.6	6.2 6.6 5.6 5.1 5.2 7.0 5.3 8.6 6.1 N.A	5.5 6.0 4.8 5.1 4.7 4.6 6.9 5.7 5.2 6.9 5.2 6.1 7.5	5.7 6.2 5.1 5.4 4.9 6.6 6.0 5.7 6.3 5.8 4.6 6.5 7.4	6.6 7.1 5.4 6.1 5.7 5.4 7.5 6.4 5.8 7.1 6.5 4.6 6.9 7.2	8.6 10.2 7.0 7.3 7.7 7.2 11.2 8.7 7.7 9.2 8.3 6.5 9.1
1.4 13.3 12.6	1.9 14.0 13.1	2.1 16.6 15.2	2.2 18.3 15.0	1.9 18.2 15.0	4.3 3.5 4.3	5.9 3.8 4.4	6.8 4.5 5.1	7.0 5.0 5.1	6 . 4 5 . 3 5 . 3
7.5 27.9 6.3	8.6 31.6 6.1	9.2 33.0 6.1	9.6 37.1 7.6	11.0 43.8 9.1	6.3 5.0 5.9	7.1 5.8 5.7	7.7 6.1 5.5	8.1 6.8 7.2	9.6

			Civili	ian Labor F	orce	
le.	har Cumply	1978		19	77	
	bor Supply essification	1	IV			
PENNSYLVANIA						
* ALLENTOWN-BETHLEHEM-LAST	O D	297.2				
* ALTOONA	D	57.1				
* ERIE	D		120.8			117.5
* HARRISBURG	C	207.2				
* JOHNSTOWN	. F	107.3				
* LANCASTER	C		166.5			158.8
* NORTHEAST PENNSYLVANIA	E		270.4			268.5
* PHILADELPHIA	D		2079.4			
* PITTSBURGH	D D		975.6 146.3			951.6
* READING WILLIAMSPORT	E	50.5		146.3		
* YORK	D	158.2				
IORK	D	130.2	130.4	139.1	130.7	155.5
PUERTO RICO						
		40.3	400.6	40.5	40.7	F.3. (
CAGUAS	F F	49.1			48.7	
* MAYAGUEZ * PONCE	F	67.8	1			
* SAN JUAN	E	321.7				
- SAN JUAN	L	321.7	321.2	322.3	322.3	320.1
RHODE ISLAND						
* PROVIDENCE-WARWICK-PAWT	UC D	441.8	447.8	445.9	443.2	437.
a a						

	Ur	nemployme	ent			Unen	ployment	Rate	
1978		19	977		1978		19	77	
	IV					IV	_111_	_ !!	-
19.7 4.8 8.5 11.7 13.8 8.8 25.8 54.7 70.8 8.8 4.6 9.5	17.9 3.9 8.0 10.4 11.0 6.9 23.5 163.2 57.9 7.4 4.2 8.4	21.8 3.8 8.4 11.9 15.2 7.4 26.1 183.6 59.9 9.1 4.2 9.7	19.5 3.8 8.8 10.7 6.1 7.6 24.7 175.0 58.7 9.0 4.3 9.1	24.9 4.9 11.2 13.0 10.0 10.1 31.2 194.9 79.1 10.5 5.5 12.2	6.6 8.3 7.1 5.6 12.9 5.3 9.6 7.6 7.3 6.0 9.1 6.0	6.0 6.9 6.6 5.0 10.6 4.1 8.7 7.8 5.9 5.1 8.3 5.3	7.2 6.7 7.0 5.6 13.6 4.5 9.4 8.8 6.1 6.2 8.3 6.1	6.5 6.8 7.3 5.1 5.7 4.6 9.1 8.5 6.1 6.2 8.6 5.8	8.4 8.9 9.6 6.4 9.5 6.4 11.6 9.6 8.3 7.3 11.1
8.1 7.0 10.8 34.9	9.0 7.5 12.1 36.7	8.6 7.5 11.9 38.0	8.9 6.2 11.8 39.9	10.9 7.4 13.0 43.4	16.6 15.6 15.9 10.8	18.6 16.1 17.8 11.4	17.8 16.4 17.6 11.8	18.2 14.0 18.2 12.4	21.3 16.3 19.3 13.2
37.8	31.7	41.1	38.7	41.4	8.6	7.1	9.2	8.7	9.5

			Civil	ian Labor I	Force	
de I	oor Supply	1978		19	77	
	ssification	1	IV			1
SOUTH CAROLINA						
* CHARLESTON-NORTH CHARLES' COLUMBIA	T D C	144.5		149.1 166.1		
* GREENVILLE-SPARTANBURG	C	247.1	254.9	255.9		247.1
SOUTH DAKOTA						
SIOUX FALLS	С	56.7	55.9	56.4	55.2	52.6
TENNESSEE						
* CHATTANOOGA	D	183.3	183.7	184.5	184.3	180.0
CLARKSVILLE-HOPKINSVILLE	•	48.5				
JOHNSON CITY-KINGSPORT-B		166.8				
* KNOXVILLE * MEMPHIS	C		200.1			
* NASHVILLE-DAVIDSON	C	368.0 381.2		376.6 384.2		364.5 372.1
TEXAS						
ABILENE	С	61.4	61.8	61.8	61.5	60.7
AMARILLO	C	85.3				
* AUSTIN	C	232.0	230.2	224.3	222.6	218.7
* BEAUMONT-PORT ARTHUR-ORA			166.7			165.1
BROWNSVILLE-HARLINGEN-SA		72.5		1	69.8	
BRYAN-COLLEGE STATION	С	36.8		33.1	33.3	34.5
* CORPUS CHRISTI		128.4				
* DALLAS-FORT WORTH * EL PASO	C E		1348.5			
GALVESTON-TEXAS CITY	D	160.8 87.8				
* HOUSTON	C		1309.8			
KILLEEN-TEMPLE	C	58.7				
LAREDO	F	31.1				
LONGVIEW, TEXAS	D	61.2				
LUBBOCK	C	99.5				

	Ur	nemployme	ent			Uner	nployment	Rate	
1978		19	77		1978		1	977	
1_	_IV					IV			
9.7 7.6 13.8	10.6 8.5 14.8	12.2 10.0 17.0	11.2 10.1 15.9	10.3 9.6 15.6	6.7 4.5 5.6	7.2 5.0 5.8	8.2 6.0 6.7	7.6 6.1 6.2	7.4 6.0 6.3
1.8	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.9	3.1	2.2	2.2	2.6	3.6
11.0 3.7 10.4 9.9 20.7 17.3	9.5 3.1 8.4 8.7 21.5 15.0	10.6 2.4 9.2 9.7 24.7 17.4	10.7 2.5 9.7 10.6 25.1 17.7	11.3 2.8 11.9 11.2 24.2 19.1	6.0 7.6 6.2 5.0 5.6 4.5	5.2 6.2 4.9 4.4 5.7 3.9	5.8 4.9 5.3 4.8 6.6 4.5	5.8 5.1 5.8 5.4 6.7 4.7	6.3 6.0 7.2 5.8 6.6 5.1
3.3 3.5 8.1 11.9 7.8 1.1 7.9 60.4 15.7 6.0 56.2 3.2 4.8 3.7 4.0	2.9 3.1 9.5 10.7 7.1 1.0 7.7 58.1 17.0 5.8 52.0 3.4 4.1 3.3 3.5	3.1 3.6 10.3 11.5 7.5 1.3 8.6 65.4 18.6 6.2 58.5 3.7 3.4 3.5	2.7 2.9 8.5 11.1 7.9 1.1 8.4 55.3 19.1 5.9 50.1 3.3 4.0 3.3	3.0 3.5 10.3 13.3 10.2 1.3 10.1 68.5 22.0 7.7 61.2 3.9 5.8 4.0 4.1	5.5 4.1 3.5 7.1 10.7 3.1 6.2 4.5 9.8 6.8 4.2 5.4 15.3 6.1 4.0	4.8 3.6 4.1 6.4 10.0 2.8 6.1 4.3 10.4 6.6 4.0 5.8 13.5 5.4	5.0 4.2 4.6 6.9 10.9 3.6 6.9 4.9 11.4 7.0 4.6 6.1 11.7 5.8 3.8	4.3 3.4 3.8 6.7 11.4 3.2 6.7 4.2 11.7 7.0 4.0 5.4 13.1 5.6 3.4	4.9 4.2 4.7 8.0 14.4 3.7 8.1 5.3 13.4 9.2 5.0 6.6 18.8 6.8 4.4

		Civilian Labor Force						
Labo	or Supply	1978	1977					
	sification		IV					
MCALLEN-PHARR-EDINBURG	F	88.7	84.1	76.0	82.5	83.7		
MIDLAND	C	41.6	41.6	40.6	39.2	38.0		
ODESSA	C	57.8	57.3	56.4	55.0	54.1		
SAN ANGELO	C	40.2		39.0	37.9	37.2		
* SAN ANTONIO	D	398.5	395.3	393.0	388.9	386.5		
SHERMAN-DENISON	D		36.8	36.3	35.5			
TEXARKANA	D		46.1	46.5	45.4	44.5		
TYLER	C	60.0	58.2	58.8	58.3	44.5		
WACO	C	77.4	77.2	76.3	74.9	73.6		
WICHITA FALLS	С	60.0						
UTAH								
PROVO-OREM	С	66.7	69.8	67.4	65.3	66.3		
* SALT LAKE CITY-OGDEN	С	351.0		356.1	350.9			
VIRGINIA								
LYNCHBURG	D	71.0	69.8	69 4	69.3	68.6		
	D			155.9				
* NORFOLK-VIRGINIA BEACH-PO	_		309.8					
PETERSBURG-COLONIAL HEIGH		58.7						
* RICHMOND	C		315.7					
* KOANOKE	О	110.8		109.5	108.7			
WASHINGTON								
RICHLAND-KENNEWICK	D	58.0		59.6				
* SEATTLE-EVERETT	C	711.0		709.9				
* SPOKANE	D	131.7	132.6	131.3	131.7			
* TACOMA	D	155.2	156.6	157.7	157.3	153.8		
YAKIMA	Е	68.2		78.7	76.3	66.0		

Unemployment			Unemployment Rate						
1978	1977			1978	1977				
1	IV					IV			_1
12.7 1.8 2.1 1.4 26.3 2.4 3.6 2.8 4.1 2.3	11.6 1.6 2.2 1.4 25.7 2.2 3.1 2.6 3.6 2.1	9.6 1.7 2.4 1.4 29.2 2.4 3.4 3.0 3.8 2.3	8.1 1.5 2.0 1.1 25.8 2.3 3.0 2.5 3.3 2.2	11.4 1.6 2.2 1.5 27.5 2.8 3.8 3.0 3.9 2.6	14.3 4.3 3.7 3.4 6.6 6.6 7.8 4.7 5.3 3.9	13.8 3.9 3.9 3.6 6.5 6.0 6.7 4.4 4.6 3.5	12.6 4.2 4.3 3.6 7.4 6.5 7.3 5.0 5.0	9.8 3.7 3.6 3.0 6.6 6.4 6.7 4.2 4.4 3.7	13.0 4 4 3 7 8 8 5 4
3.6 18.3	2.8 16.8	3.0 17.9	3.0	3.7 21.0	5.3	4.1 4.7	4.4 5.0	4.7 5.3	5
4.4 11.2 23.3 4.1 13.3 9.7	2.6 8.1 16.4 2.7 10.0 4.8	3.1 8.4 17.0 3.1 11.7 5.1	3.0 8.9 17.7 3.0 12.8 5.5	3.4 11.2 20.8 3.7 14.7 7.4	6.2 7.3 7.5 6.9 4.2 8.7	3.7 5.2 5.3 4.7 3.2 4.4	4.5 5.4 5.4 5.4 3.7 4.6	4.3 5.8 5.8 5.2 4.1 5.1	57.6.6.4.6.
3.6 41.1 8.3 11.4 7.7	4.2 49.9 9.4 13.4 6.0	5.2 57.2 10.0 14.9 8.0	4.7 61.0 10.9 15.9 8.7	5.0 64.3 12.1 16.6 9.0	6.2 5.8 6.3 7.3 11.3	7.2 7.0 7.1 8.6 8.3	8.7 8.1 7.6 9.5 10.1	8.0 8.7 8.3 10.1 11.4	8. 9. 10. 13.

		Civilian Labor Force						
	Labor Supply	1978	1977					
State and Area	Classification		_IV					
WEST VIRGINIA			-					
* CHARLESTON  * HUNTINGTON-ASHLAND- PARKERSBURG-MARIETTA  * WHEELING	D D D	112.4 112.3 63.3 75.7		114.3 114.9 64.3 78.2	113.1 114.1 62.9 76.1	110.9 113.7 63.5 76.3		
WISCONSIN								
* APPLETON-OSHKOSH EAU CLAIRE GREEN BAY * KENOSHA LA CROSSE * MADISON * MILWAUKEE * RACINE	C D C E C C C C	132.4 50.6 80.7 55.9 42.8 164.2 674.1 85.2	55.9 86.8 62.2 44.1 177.4	141.6 55.2 87.3 63.0 43.3 172.7 711.3 90.5	61.6	57.6 41.8		
<ul> <li>Data for *Manchester and Nashua, N</li> <li>Major Labor Area</li> </ul>	I.H. not available							

Unemployment				Unemployment Rate					
1978		1977			1978	1977			
1_	IV					IV			
7.1 9.5 4.5 6.8	4.8 6.9 3.5 5.9	4.5 6.5 3.6 3.8	4.8 6.3 3.6 3.9	7.0 9.5 6.0 7.3	6.3 8.4 7.1 8.9	4.3 6.0 5.5 7.4	3.9 5.7 5.5 4.9	4.2 5.5 5.8 5.1	6.3
6.7 3.5 4.5 5.2 2.2 6.7 29.1 4.7	6.0 3.0 4.0 3.6 2.1 5.6 28.2 4.2	5.6 2.9 3.7 6.0 1.8 5.6 29.5 4.9	6.1 2.8 4.2 3.4 2.0 6.1 29.3 4.2	8.0 3.8 5.3 7.0 2.6 7.3 35.4 6.0	5.0 6.9 5.6 9.2 5.2 4.1 4.3 5.5	4.3 5.4 4.6 5.9 4.7 3.2 3.9 4.7	4.0 5.3 4.2 9.6 4.3 3.2 4.1 5.4	4.4 5.2 4.9 5.5 4.7 3.5 4.1 4.7	5 7 6 12 6 4 5

### New Department of Labor Regulations Implementing Defense Manpower Policy No. 4A

FRIDAY, MARCH 3, 1978 PART V



# DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

Preference in Federal Procurement Under Defense Manpower Policy DMP–4A and Executive Order 10582 9102

[4510-30]

Title 20—Employees' Benefits

CHAPTER V—EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING ADMINISTRATION, DE-PARTMENT OF LABOR

PREFERENCE IN FEDERAL PROCURE-MENT UNDER DEFENSE MANPOW-ER POLICY DMP-4A AND EXECU-TIVE ORDER 10582

New Criteria for Classifying Labor Surplus Areas

AGENCY: Employment and Training Administration, Labor.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: These regulations establish new criteria for classifying labor surplus areas, published by the Department of Labor for the use of all Federal agencies in directing procurement, activity and locating new plants or facilities. Firms which agree to perform most of the work in labor surplus areas are eligible for preference in the award of procurement contracts and grants and the execution of agreements.

EFFECTIVE DATE: Effective March 3, 1978. Comments by May 2, 1978.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Davis A. Portner, Office of Policy and Planning, 601 D Street NW., Room 9420, Washington, D.C. 20213, 202-376-6274.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Department published proposed regulations on DMP-4A and Executive Order 10582 on December 16, 1977, at 42 FR 63428. Interested persons were invited to submit comments on the proposed regulations until December 31, 1977. In response to these comments, a number of substantive and editorial changes have been made to the proposed rules. The most significant comments and the Department's responses thereto are listed below:

1. A commentor requested that the Department more clearly delineate the responsibilities assigned to the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) under the provisions for classifying labor surplus areas resulting from exceptional circumstances. § 654.4(c). Under the proposed classification scheme, BLS was assigned responsibility for determining affected areas' unemployment rates, without regard to the usual 12-month reference period. Since the State employment security agencies bear the responsibility for collecting the required unemployment data, inclusion of BLS in the determination process is unnecessary; the State agencies can forward data directly to the Employment and Training

#### **RULES AND REGULATIONS**

Administration for evaluation by the Assistant Secretary. This provision has therefore been revised according-

2. A commentor suggested that, due to their limited resources, the Department eliminate responsibilities assigned to the State employment service agencies for identifying occupations and skills which are in "surplus supply" within labor surplus areas and those which are needed by new or expanding industries. § 654.2(d) (3) and (4). These responsibilities were carried over from the former DMP-4 program and assigned to the Secretary of Labor under the revised DMP-4A. Therefore, these activities must still be performed. Since these are ongoing activities, the State agencies should have already established methods for gatherthe required information. The final regulations therefore retain the requirement that these responsibilities be carried out by the State agencies. § 654.7 (b), (c), and (d).

In contrast to these ongoing responsibilities assigned to the State agencies, § 654.7(f) of the proposed regulations called for unprecedented evaluations of the numbers and characteristics of unemployed individuals who become employed in firms establishing or expanding plants or facilities in labor surplus areas. The Department has concluded that such evaluations exceed the current capabilities of the State agencies and would require the development of additional data collection procedures for which resources are unavailable. Given these fiscal constraints, and the fact that these evaluations are not required under DMP-4A, these requirements have been dropped from the final regulations.

3. A commentor suggested that the Department clarify the provisions of the proposed regulations relating to Executive Order 10582 to avoid confusion regarding its purpose. In response to this comment, Subpart B of Part 654 has been expanded to include a description of the statutory provisions pursuant to which Executive Order 10582 was promulgated. Against this statutory backdrop, the purpose of the Executive order appears more clearly.

4. Three commentors suggested that the Department utilize broader indicators of economic distress or hardship than the proposed 12-month average unemployment rate as the basic criterion for classifying labor surplus areas to take into consideration the overall economic health of a region. Recommendations included using, in addition to the unemployment rate, such factors as economic growth rates, concentration of elderly, out-migration patterns, and unemployment rates over a 24-month (as opposed to a 12-month) reference period.

While due consideration was given to these proposals, it is apparent from

the preambles of both the predecessor DMP-4 and the revised DMP-4A regulations that these programs are concerned primarily with unemployment as opposed to the more general condition of economic distress:

A primary aim of Federal manpower policy is to encourage full utilization of existing production facilities and workers in preference to creating new plants or moving workers, thus assisting the maintenance of economic balance and employment stability. When large numbers of workers move to already tight areas, heavy burdens are placed on community facilities—schools, hospitals, housing, transportation, utilities, etc. On the other hand, when unemployment develops in certain areas, unemployment compensation costs increase the total cost to the Government, and plants, tools, and workers' skills remain idle and unable to contribute to our national security program.

In view of the clear intention to focus attention on surplus labor, and in view of the fact that other measures of economic distress are not uniformly and consistently available among all labor market areas, the 12-month average unemployment rate has been retained as the sole criterion for classifying labor surplus areas.

Similarly, with respect to the reference period for examining unemployment levels, the 12-month framework was retained. A 12-month reference period indicates relatively current unemployment rates while encompassing a sufficient interval to discount seasonal factors. Conversely, the 24-month reference period suggested by one commentor may tend to mask current unemployment rates and, in a changing economy, obscure the location and identification of available

workers and facilities.

5. Several commentors recommended that the Department reduce the required unemployment rate for eligibility from a rate 25 percent above the national average unemployment rate to a rate 20 percent above the national average in order to ensure competitive bidding from firms in labor surplus areas. Substitution of the 1.20 factor results in the inclusion of approxi-83 additional labor market mately areas in the first quarter classifications for 1978, a change from 371 labor market areas (using the 1.25 factor) to 454 labor market areas (using the 1.20 factor). The Department found that adoption of the 1.20 factor would result in a reasonable number of qualifying areas so as to meet the goal of targeting procurement activity while ensuring that offers of contract performance will be obtained from a sufficient number of eligible concerns so that awards will be made at reasonable prices. Accordingly, § 654.4(a) has been modified to conform to these recommendations.

 One comment concerned the classification of multi-jurisdictional labor market areas as labor surplus areas.

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Under the proposed regulations, an entire labor market area, which as a whole did not meet the qualifying unemployment rate, nevertheless could have qualified as a labor surplus area if the area-wide unemployment rate was at least 6 percent, provided that a component political jurisdiction which in itself met the basic criteria had a population of at least 50,000 and accounted for at least 25 percent of the total unemployment for the labor market area. § 654.4(b). The commentor suggested that this classification scheme failed to guarantee that procurement activity would be directed to those component jurisdictions which were responsible for triggering the classification of the labor market area as a labor surplus area. Given the exodus of business and manufacturing from the central cities, this commentor estimated that procurement activity too would be directed away from areas of high unemployment in the inner cities.

Procurement activity directed into any section of a labor market will usually affect surrounding areas, and may be beneficial to the entire area, since labor market areas are defined on the basis of commuting patterns. In view of this fact, the final regulations retain the proposed area-wide classification scheme. The Department is requesting further comments with respect to this provision.

7. Two comments were directed at the provisions at § 654.5 for terminatclassifications of labor surplus areas. One commentor recommended that the termination provisions be tied to a 24-month reference period in order to avoid a "yo-yo effect" wherein an area is eligible during one quarter and not the next. As noted in paragraph 4 above concerning the basic classification methodology, the Department has selected a 12-month reference period to reflect relatively current unemployment rates while ac-counting for seasonal variations in unemployment. The rationale for utilizing a 12-month reference period applies with equal force to the termination provisions.

A second comment concerned the provisions at § 654.5(b) for terminating classifications of labor market areas which qualify as a result of exceptional circumstances. Specifically, the commentor questioned the advisability of declassifying an area following a single quarter for which the unemployment level fell below 6.0 percent.

The Department recognizes that such an inflexible standard could result in declassification during one quarter even though, due to exceptional circumstances, the labor market area is expected to experience qualifying unemployment levels in the next quarter. The 6.0 percent standard has therefore been stricken and this sub-

section has been reworded to provide for periodic review using the same criteria applied to initially classify labor market areas resulting from exceptional circumstances.

8. One commentor recommended that the Department include a special appeals procedure to enable State employment security agency officials to challenge determinations made pursuant to these regulations. The Department already has an appeals procedure which is applicable to this program at 20 CFR § 658.420-423.

After considering all of the comments, the proposed regulations, as modified, are adopted. In accordance with the provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U.S.C. § 553(d)) the Secretary of Labor has determined that it is in the public interest for these regulations to become final upon publication. Since these regulations directly affect competitive bidding on Federal government contracts, it is important that they become effective immediately to prevent disruption of the procurement process.

The regulations are final. However, in view of the shortened period for comment on the proposed regulations, additional written comments will be accepted for a period of 60 days after their effective date. All written material received will be considered before taking action on any revision or amendments to these regulations.

Accordingly, Parts 603, 651, 654 and 658, Chapter V, Title 20 of the Code of Federal Regulations are amended as follows:

#### PART 603—STATE PROGRAM BUDGET PLANS UNDER THE WAGNER-PEYSER ACT

§ 603.3 [Amended]

1. In § 603.3 the comma and the words "and at 29 CFR Part 8" are deleted.

### PART 651—GENERAL PROVISIONS GOVERNING THE FEDERAL-STATE EMPLOYMENT SERVICE SYSTEM

§ 651.5 [Amended]

2. In paragraph (d) of §651.5, the comma and the words "when published, will set forth" are changed to "contains".

#### 8 651.6 [Amended]

3. In § 651.6, the entry for "Part 654—Special Responsibilities of the Employment Service System," is amended by deleting the word "[Reserved]" and adding the following table of contents:

Subpart A—Responsibilities Under Defense Manpower Policy No. 4A (32A CFR Part 134)

654.1 Purpose of subpart.

#### 9103

654.2 Description of DMP-4A.

654.3 Definitions.

654.4 Classification of labor surplus areas. 654.5 Termination of classification. 654.6 Publication of area classifications.

654.6 Publication of area classifications. 654.7 Services to firms and individuals in

labor surplus areas.
654.8 Filing of employment service-related complaints.

### Subpart B—Responsibilities Under Executive Order 10582

Sec. 654.11 Purpose of subpart.

654.12 Description of Executive Order 10582.

654.13 Determination of areas of substantial unemployment.

654.14 Filing of employment service-related complaints.

#### § 651.7 [Amended]

4. In §651.7 the definition of the term "ES regulations" is amended by deleting the numeral "8" and the comma which follows it from the citation "29 CFR Parts 8, 26 and 75."

#### PART 654—SPECIAL RESPONSIBIL-ITIES OF THE EMPLOYMENT SER-VICE SYSTEM

5. Part 654 is amended by deleting the word "[Reserved]" and adding a new Part 654 as follows:

#### Subpart A—Responsibilities Under Defense Manpower Policy No. 4A (32A CFR Part 134)

Sec

654.1 Purpose of subpart.

654.2 Description of DMP-4A.

654.3 Definitions.

654.4 Classification of labor surplus areas. 654.5 Termination of classification.

654.5 Termination of classification. 654.6 Publication of area classifications. 654.7 Services to firms and individuals in

 654.7 Services to firms and individuals in labor surplus areas.
 654.8 Filing of employment service-related complaints.

### Subpart B—Responsibilities Under Executive Order 10582

654.11 Purpose of subpart.

654.12 Description of Executive Order 10582.

654.13 Determination of areas of substantial unemployment.

654.14 Filing of employment service-related complaints.

AUTHORITY: Pub. L. 95-89; 50 U.S.C. App. 2061, et seq.; 41 U.S.C. 10a et seq.; 29 U.S.C. 49 et seq.; E.O. 11725; E.O. 11051, as amended; E.O. 10582; E.O. 10480; 32A CFR Part 134.

#### § 654.1 Purpose of subpart.

This subpart implements the responsibilities of the Secretary of Labor in classifying labor surplus areas in accordance with Defense Manpower Policy No. 4A of the Federal Preparedness Agency, General Services Administration (32A CFR Part 134—Preservation of the Mobilization Base

#### 9104

Through the Placement of Procurement and Facilities in Labor Surplus Areas (DMP-4A)). The Secretary of Labor has delegated responsibilities to the Assistant Secretary, Employment and Training Administration.

#### § 654.2 Description of DMP-4A.

(a) Defense Manpower Policy No. 4A (DMP-4A) consists of the federal regulations at 32A CFR Part 134—Preservation of the Mobilization Base Through the Placement of Procurement and Facilities in Labor Surplus Areas.

(b) The DMP-4A regulations were issued pursuant to Pub. L. 95-89; Executive Order 10480; Executive Order 11051, as amended; and Executive Order 11725. Implementation of the regulations is the responsibility of the Federal Preparedness Agency of the General Services Administration.

(c) The purpose of DMP-4A is to encourage the purchase of goods and services by the Federal Government and the placement of Federal facilities in areas of labor surplus.

(d) Under DMP-4A, the Secretary of Labor is required to:

 Classify labor surplus areas and disseminate this information on a timely basis to Federal departments and agencies.

(2) In cooperation with State and local authorities and the Secretary of Commerce, provide labor-market data and related economic information in efforts to assist in the initiation of industrial expansion programs in labor surplus areas.

(3) Identify occupations and skills which are in surplus supply within labor surplus areas and make this information available to firms requiring such occupations and skills and interested in establishing new plants and facilities.

(4) Identify occupations and skills for which labor will be needed by new or expanding industries and industries that expand during a mobilization; and, in collaboration with other Government agencies, make assistance available to labor surplus area institutions and users in developing onthe-job, apprentice, or other training programs for developing skills of the work force.

(5) Through the affiliated State employment services, receive job openings on a voluntary basis and/or under the mandatory listing program provided for by section 2012 of Title 38 of the United States Code and by Executive Order 11701, and refer qualified unemployed workers to concerns in labor surplus areas.

(e) Under DMP-4A, all Federal agencies are required to:

(1) Use their best efforts to award all procurement contracts and grants, and execute agreements, greater than \$2,500 to concerns that will perform a substantial proportion of the manufacturing, production, or appropriate services on those contracts within labor surplus areas, to the extent that procurement objectives will permit.

(2) Ensure that firms in labor surplus areas that are on appropriate bidders mailing lists are given the opportunity to submit offers on all procurements for which they

#### **RULES AND REGULATIONS**

are qualified. Whenever the number of firms on a bidders mailing list is excessive in relation to size and type of procurement, a representative number of firms from labor surplus areas shall be given the opportunity to submit offers.

(3) Establish programs to encourage prime contractors to award subcontracts to firms that agree to perform a substantial proportion of the production, manufacturing or appropriate services on those subcontracts in labor surplus areas.

(4) Cooperate with other Federal departments and agencies in achieving the objectives of this policy.

(f) Under DMP-4A, the Secretary of Commerce is required to:

(1) In cooperation with State economic development agencies, the Secretary of Defense, the Administrator of General Services, and the Administrator of the Small Business Administration, assist concerns which have agreed to perform contracts in labor surplus areas in obtaining Government procurement business by: (A) Providing such concerns with timely information on proposed Government procurements; and (B) maintaining current information on the manufacturing capabilities of such concerns with respect to Government procurement and disseminating such information to Federal departments and agencies.

(2) Urge concerns planning new production facilities to consider the advantages of locating in labor surplus areas.

(3) Provide technical advice and counsel to groups and organizations in labor surplus areas on planned industrial parks, industrial development organizations, expanding tourist business, and available Federal aids.

(g) Under DMP-4A, the Administrator of the Small Business Administration is required to make available to small business concerns in labor surplus areas all of its services, endeavor to ensure opportunity for maximum participation by such concerns in Government procurement, and give consideration to the needs of these concerns in the making of joint small business set asides with Government procurement agencies.

(h) Under DMP-4A, there is continued in operation within the Federal Preparedness Agency the Surplus Manpower Committee. The Committee is chaired by the Director of the Federal Preparedness Agency or the Director's designee. The Committee includes representation from the Office of Federal Procurement Policy; Department of Defense: Department of Commerce: Department of Labor: General Services Administration; Small Business Administration; Department of Health, Education, and Welfare; Department of Housing and Urban Development; Department of Energy; and other interested departments and agencies. The Committee advises the Director, Federal Preparedness Agency, on policies, procedures, and activities in existence or needed to carry out the purpose of DMP-4A.

(i) When an entire industry that sells a significant portion of its production to the Government is general-

ly depressed or has a significant proportion of its production units located in a labor surplus area, the Committee may make appropriate recommendations relative to that industry in lieu of recommendations relative to specific geographical areas. In such cases, after notice to and hearing of interested parties, the Director, Federal Preparedness Agency, gives consideration to appropriate measures applicable to the entire industry.

(j) Under DMP-4A, all Federal agencies are required to give consideration to labor surplus areas in the selection of sites for Government-financed facilities, including expansion, to the extent that such selection is consistent with existing law and essential economic and strategic factors that must also be taken into account.

#### § 654.3 Definitions.

(a) "Assistant Secretary" shall mean Assistant Secretary for Employment and Training, U.S. Department of Labor.

(b) "Labor market area" shall mean a geographic area as determined by the State employment security agencies and approved by the Assistant Secretary, in which there is a concentration of economic activity or labor demand, and in which workers can generally change jobs without changing their residences.

(c) "Labor surplus area" shall mean a labor market area that, in accordance with the criteria specified in § 654.4, has been classified as a labor surplus area for purposes of Defense Manpower Policy No. 4A.

(d) "Reference period" shall mean the 12-month period ending three (3) months prior to the date of quarterly classifications of labor surplus areas; for example, for classifications effective for the eligibility quarter beginning July 1 of a given year, the reference period shall include data for the 12-month period from April 1 of the prior year through March 31 of the given year.

### § 654.4 Classification of labor surplus

(a) Basic criteria. The Assistant Secretary shall classify a labor market area as a labor surplus area whenever, as determined by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, the average unemployment rate for the civilian labor force in the labor market area for the reference period is (1) 120 percent of the nationaverage unemployment rate or higher for the reference period as determined by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, or (2) 10 percent or higher: Provided, however, That no labor market area shall be classified as a labor surplus area if the average unemployment rate for the reference period is less than 6.0 percent.

(b) Criteria for component jurisdictions. The assistant Secretary shall

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#### **RULES AND REGULATIONS**

§ 654.7 Services to firms and individuals in labor surplus areas.

To carry out the purposes and policy objectives of Defense Manpower Policy No. 4A and Executive Order 10582, the Assistant Secretary shall cooperate with and assist the state employment service agencies and the Secretary of Commerce, as appropriate, to:

(a) Provide relevant labor market data and related economic information to assist in the initiation of industrial expansion programs in labor surplus areas:

(b) Identify upon request the skills and numbers of unemployed persons available for work in labor surplus areas, providing such information to firms interested in establishing new plants and facilities of expanding existing plants and facilities in such areas:

(c) Identify the occupational composition and skill requirements of industries contemplating locating in labor surplus areas and make such information available to training and apprenticeship agencies and resources in the community for purposes of appropriate training and skill development;

(d) Identify unemployed individuals in need of, and having the potential for, training in occupations and skills required by new or expanding industries and refer such individuals to appropriate training opportunities;

(e) Receive job openings on a voluntary basis and/or under the mandatory listing program provided by 38 U.S.C. 2012 and Executive Order 11701 and refer qualified unemployed workers to such openings, making appropriate efforts to refer to such openings qualified individuals who reside in the labor surplus area.

#### § 654.8 Filing of employment service-related complaints.

Employment service-related compliants arising under Subpart A of this Part may be filed directly with the appropriate Department of Labor regional office in accordance with the provisions at 20 CFR § 658.420-423. For purpose of § 658.421, a complainant filing a complaint under this subsection shall be deemed to have exhausted the State agency administrative remedies set forth at 20 CFR § 658.410-416.

#### Subpart B—Responsibilities Under Executive Order 10562

#### § 654.11 Purpose of subpart.

This subpart implements the responsibilities of the Secretary of Labor in determining areas of substantial unemployment in accordance with Executive Order 10582 issued pursuant to

the Buy American Act, 41 U.S.C. 10a et seq.

### § 654.12 Description of Executive Order 10582.

(a) Under the Buy American Act, heads of executive agencies are required to determine, as a condition precedent to the purchase by their agencies of materials of foreign origin for public use within the United States, (1) that the price of like materials of domestic origin is unreasonable, or (2) that the purchase of like materials of domestic origin is inconsistent with the public interest.

(b) Section 3(c) of Executive Order 10582 issued pursuant to the Buy American Act permits executive agencies to reject a bid or offer to furnish materials of foreign origin in any situation in which the domestic supplier, offering the lowest price for furnishing the desired materials, undertakes to produce substantially all of the materials in areas of substantial unemployment, as determined by the Secretary of Labor.

#### § 654.13 Determination of areas of substantial unemployment.

An area of substantial unemployment, for purposes of Executive Order 10582, shall be any area classified as a labor surplus area at §654.4 of this Part pursuant to the procedures set forth at Subpart A of this Part.

#### § 654.14 Filing of employment service-related compliants.

Employment service-related cc:nplaints arising under Subpart B of this Part may be filed directly with the appropriate Department of Labor regional office in accordance with the provisions at 20 CFR § 658.420-423. For purposes of § 658.421, a complainant filing a complaint under this subsection shall be deemed to have exhausted the State agency administrative remedies set forth at 20 CFR § 658.410-416.

#### PART 658—ADMINISTRATIVE PROVI-SIONS GOVERNING THE EMPLOY-MENT SERVICE SYSTEM

#### § 658.600 [Amended]

 In § 658.600 the words "and 29 CFR Part 8" are deleted.

#### § 658.701 [Amended]

7. In §658.701 the words "and at 29 CFR Part 8" are deleted.

Signed at Washington, D.C. this 27th day of February, 1978.

RAY MARSHALL, Secretary of Labor.

[FR Doc. 78-5529 Filed 3-2-78; 8:45 am]

classify a labor market area as a labor surplus area if the Assistant Secretary determines that the area-wide average unemployment rate for the civilian labor force is at least 6.0 percent and the average unemployment rate for the civilian labor force in one or more of the component political jurisdictions meets the criteria specified in § 654.4(a), subject to the following limitations: (1) Such qualifying component jurisdiction-city, county, or county-equivalent-has a population of not less than 50,000 persons on the basis of the most satisfactory current data available to the Assistant Secretary; and (2) the number of unemployed individuals resident in such qualifying component jurisdictions, either singly or in combination, accounts for at least 25 percent of the total number of unemployed individuals resident in the labor market area.

(c) Criteria for exceptional circumstances. The Assistant Secretary, upon petition submitted by the appropriate state employment security agency, may classify a labor market area as a labor surplus area without regard to the reference period, whenever the labor market area meets or is expected to meet the unemployment tests established under § 654.4(a) or (b) as a result of exceptional circumstances. For purposes of this paragraph, "exceptional circumstances" shall mean catastrophic events such as natural disasters, plant closings, and contract cancellations expected to have a longterm impact on labor market area conditions, discounting temporary or seasonal factors.

#### § 654.5 Termination of classification.

(a) Basic procedure. The Assistant Secretary shall terminate the classification of a labor market area as a labor surplus area after any quarter in which the Assistant Secretary determines that the criteria established under § 654.4(a) and (b) are no longer met.

(b) Procedure for exceptional circumstances. The Assistant Secretary shall terminate the classification of a labor market area classified as a labor surplus area pursuant to the provisions of § 654.4(c) after any quarter in which the Assistant Secretary determines that the exceptional circumstances criteria of that paragraph are no longer met, and in any event after one year from the date of classification unless the labor market area meets the criteria established under § 654.4(a) or (b).

#### § 654.6 Publication of area classifications.

The Assistant Secretary shall publish quarterly a list of labor surplus areas together with geographic descriptions thereof.

### Text of Defense Manpower Policy No. 4A

#### RULES AND REGULATIONS

General Services Administration.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This policy provides for directing the attention of Federal departments and agencies to the potential within labor surplus areas for the award of appropriate procurement contracts and grants and the execution of agreements, for the locating of new plants or facilities, and for assigning responsibilities to specified officials of the Government to carry out the policy. This revision brings the policy into conformance with Pub. 1. 95–99. The effect of the revisions will be to direct an increased amount of procurement to labor surplus areas.

EFFECTIVE DATE: October 27, 1977.
FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT.

J. J. Delaney, Controlled Conflict Preparedness Division, 202-566-0760.

Part 134 is recaptioned and revised to read as follows:

PART 134—PRESERVATION OF THE MO-BILIZATION BASE THROUGH THE PLACEMENT OF PROCUREMENT AND FACILITIES IN LABOR SURPLUS AREAS (DMP-4A)

1. Purpose. Success of the national security program depends upon efficient use of all our resources, including labor force facilities, which are preserved through practice of the skills of both management and workers. A primary aim of Federal manpower policy is to encourage full utilization of existing production facilities and workers in preference to creating new plants or moving workers, thus assisting in the maintenance of economic balance and employment stability. When large numbers of workers move to already tight areas, heavy burdens are placed on community facilities schools. hospitals, housing, transportation, utili-ties, etc. On the other hand, when unemployment develops in certain areas, unemployment costs increase the total cost to the Government, and plants, tools, and workers' skills remain idle and unable to contribute to our national security program. Consequently it is the purpose of Defense Manpower Policy No. 4A to (a) direct attention to the potentialities of labor surplus areas for the award of appropriate procurement contracts and grants, for the execution of agreements, and for the locating of new plants or facilities, and (b) assign responsibilities to specified officials of the Government to carry out the policy stated below.

Cancellation. This policy cancels and supersedes Defense Manpower Policy No. 57457

3. Authority. Pursuant to the authority vested in the Administrator of General Services by Executive Order 10480, Executive Order 11051, as amended, and Executive Order 11723, and in accordance with Public Law 95-89, Defense Manpower Policy No. 4A is hereby issued.

4. Policy. It is the policy of the Federal Government to award appropriate contracts and grants to, and to execute agreements with, eligible labor surplus area concerns, to place facilities in labor surplus areas, and to make the best use of appropriate resources in order to achieve the following objectives:

(a) To preserve management and employee skills necessary to the fulfillment of Government contracts and purchases;

(b) To maintain productive facilities;
(c) To improve utilization of the Nation's total economic potential by making use of the economic resources of each area; and

(d) To help ensure timely delivery of required goods and services and to promote readiness to expanded efforts by locating procurement where the needed labor force and facilities are fully available.

5. Applicability and scope. The provisions of this policy apply to all Federal departments and agencies, except as otherwise prohibited by law. Set-aside procedures used under this policy shall apply to appropriate procurements, grants, and agreements greater than

6. Definitions—(a) Labor surplus areas. Labor surplus areas are geographic areas determined by the Secretary of Labor. This determination shall be made so as to target this policy to the areas of greatest unemployment. Furthermore, in making such determination, the Secretary of Labor is authorized to declare certain areas labor surplus areas because of catastrophic events even though they may not qualify under normal procedures.

(b) Eligibility. An offering firm shall be deemed eligible for a labor surplus area set-aside award if it agrees to perform a substantial proportion of production, manufacturing, or appropriate services in labor surplus areas, as of the date of the award.

the award.

(c) Substantial performance. A reciplent of a contract or grant or a party to an agreement shall be deemed to achieve substantial performance in a labor surplus area if the aggregate costs that will be incurred by the recipient or its first-tier subcontractors on account of manufacturing, production, or appropriate services performed in a labor surplus area amount to more than one-half of the contract price.

[ 6820-28 ]

Title 32A-National Defense Appendix

CHAPTER I-FEDERAL PREPAREDNESS AGENCY, GENERAL SERVICES ADMIN-ISTRATION

[Defense Manpower Policy DMP-4A]

PART 134—PRESERVATION OF THE MO-BILIZATION BASE THROUGH THE PLACEMENT OF PROCUREMENT AND FACILITIES IN LABOR SURPLUS AREAS (DMP-4A)

AGENCY: Federal Preparedness Agency.

#### 57458

7. Implementation. (a) Priority shall be given in the awarding of contracts and grants, the execution of agreements, and the encouragement of the award of subcontracts to concerns which perform a substantial proportion of the manufacturing, production, or appropriate services on those contracts and subcontracts within labor surplus areas. Labor surplus area set asides are authorized if the Federal department or agency determines that there is a reasonable expectation that offers will be obtained from a sufficient number of responsible, eligible concerns so that awards will be made at reasonable prices.

(b) In carrying out labor surplus area and small business set-aside programs, Federal departments and agencies shall award appropriate contracts and grants. execute agreements, and encourage the award of subcontracts for procurement to the following in the manner and in the

order stated:

(1) Concerns which are located in labor surplus areas and which are also small business concerns, on the basis of a total set-aside.

(2) Concerns which are small business concerns, on the basis of a total set-aside. (3) Concerns which are small business concerns, on the basis of a partial set-

aside.

(4) Concerns which are located in labor surplus areas, on the basis of a total set-aside.

In this connection, contracting officers shall make unilateral set-asides in ac-

cordance with the above priorities. (c) All Federal departments and agen-

cies shall:

(1) Use their best efforts to award all procurement contracts and grants, and execute agreements, greater than \$2,500 to concerns that will perform a substantial proportion of the manufacturing, production, or appropriate services on those contracts within labor surplus areas, to the extent that procurement objectives will permit.

(2) Ensure that firms in labor surplus areas that are on appropriate bidders mailing lists are given the opportunity to submit offers on all procurements for which they are qualified. Whenever the number of firms on a bidders mailing list is excessive in relation to size and type of procurement, a representative number of firms from labor surplus areas shall be given the opportunity to submit offers.

(3) Establish programs to encourage prime contractors to award subcontracts to firms that agree to perform a substantial proportion of the production, manufacturing, or appropriate services on those subcontracts in labor surplus areas.

(4) Cooperate with other Federal departments and agencies in achieving the objectives of this policy.

(d) The preferences described in this policy shall be in addition to other preferences to which firms may be entitled because of performance in labor surplus areas, such as the preference under the Buy American Act

#### RULES AND REGULATIONS

3. Responsibilities. To carry out the purpose and policy objectives set forth above, the following assignments of responsibilities are made:

The Secretary of Labor shall: Classify labor surplus areas and disseminate this information on a timely basis to Federal departments and agen-

(2) In cooperation with State and local authorities and the Secretary of Commerce, provide labor-market data and related economic information in efforts to assist in the initiation of industrial expansion programs in labor surplus areas.

(3) Identify occupations and skills which are in surplus supply within labor surplus areas and make this information available to firms requiring such occupations and skills and interested in establishing new plants and facilities.

(4) Identify occupations and skills for which labor will be needed by new or expanding industries and industries that expand during a mobilization; and, in collaboration with other Government agencies, make assistance available to labor surplus area institutions and users in developing on-the-job, apprentice, or other training programs for developing skills of the work force.

Through the affiliated State employment services, receive job openings on a voluntary basis and/or under the mandatory listing program provided for by section 2012 of Title 38 of the United States Code and by Executive Order 11701, and refer qualified unemployed workers to concerns in labor surplus

(b) The Secretary of Commerce shall: (1) In cooperation with State economic development agencies, the Secretary of Defense, the Administrator of General Services, and the Administrator of the Small Business Administration. assist concerns which have agreed to perform contracts in labor surplus areas in obtaining Government procurement business by: (A) Providing such concerns with timely information on pro posed Government procurements; and (B) maintaining current information on the manufacturing capabilities of such concerns with respect to Government procurement and disseminating such information to Federal departments and

(2) Urge concerns planning new production facilities to consider the advantages of locating in labor surplus areas.

(3) Provide technical advice and counsel to groups and organizations in labor surplus areas on planned industrial parks, industrial development organizations, expanding tourist business, and available Federal aids.

(c) The Administrator of the Small Business Administration shall make available to small business concerns in labor surplus areas all of its services. endeavor to ensure opportunity for maximum participation by such concerns in Government procurement, and give consideration to the needs of these concerns

in the making of joint small business set-asides with Government procurement agencies

(d) There is hereby continued in operation within the Federal Preparedness Agency the Surplus Manpower

Committee.

(1) This Committee shall be chaired by the Director, Federal Preparedness Agency, General Services Administra-tion, or his designee, and shall include representation from the Office of Federal Procurement Policy; Department of Defense; Department of Commerce; Department of Labor; General Services Administration; Small Business Administration; Department of Health, Education, and Welfare; Department of Housing and Urban Development; Department of Energy; and other interested departments and agencies.

The Committee shall advise the Director, Federal Preparedness Agency on policies, procedures, and activities in existence or needed to carry out the pur-

pose of this policy.

(3) When an entire industry that sells a significant proportion of its production to the Government is generally depressed or has a significant proportion of its production units located in a labor surplusarea, the Committee may make appropriate recommendations relative to that industry in lieu of recommendations relative to specific geographical areas. In such cases, after notice to and hearing of interested parties, the Director, Federal Preparedness Agency, will give consideration to appropriate measures applicable to the entire industry.

(e) All Federal departments and agencies shall give consideration to labor surplus areas in the selection of sites for Government-financed facilities, including expansion, to the extent that such selection is consistent with existing law and essential economic and strategic factors that must also be taken into

account.

9. Reporting requirements. Reports and monitoring of the effects of this policy, including subcontracting activity, shall be the responsibility of the Department of Defense for all military procurements and the General Services Administration for all civilian procurements. Copies of these reports shall be furnished by agencies receiving these reports to the Federal Preparedness Agency on a regular basis.

(Pub. L. 95-89; Executive Order 10480; Executive Order 11051, as amended; and Executive Order 11725.)

Notz .- The General Services Administration has determined that this document does not contain a major proposal requiring preparation of an Inflation Impact Statement under Executive Order 11821 and OMB Circu-

Dated: October 27, 1977.

JAY SOLOMON. Administrator of General Services. [FR Doc.77-31897 Filed 11-2-77;8:45 am]

### State Employment Security Agencies

Alabama

Alaska Arizona

Arkansas California

Colorado Connecticut Delaware

District of Columbia

Florida Georgia Guam Hawaii Idaho Illinois

Indiana lowa Kansas Kentucky Louisiana

Maine Maryland Massachusetts

Michigan Minnesota Mississippi

Missouri Montana Nebraska

Nevada New Hampshire New Jersey New Mexico New York

North Carolina North Dakota Ohio

Oklahoma Oregon

Pennsylvania Puerto Rico Rhode Island

South Carolina South Dakota Tennessee Texas Utah

Vermont Virginia Virgin Islands

Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming

Dept. of Industrial Relations, 649 Monroe St. Montgomery 36130

Employment Security Div., Dept. of Labor, 4th & Harris Sts., P.O. Box 3-7000, Juneau 99811

Department of Economic Security, P.O. Box 6123, Phoenix 85005

Employment Security Commission, P.O. Box 2981, Capitol Mall, Little Rock 72203 Employment Development Department, 800 Capitol Mall, Sacramento 95814 Division of Employment and Training, 251 E. 12th Ave., Denver 80203

Employment Security Division, Hartford 06115

Department of Labor, 801 West Street, Wilmington 19899

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